The Huntingdon Journal.

VOL. 47. HUNTINGDON, PA., SEPTEMBER 11, 1872. NO. 36.

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - J. A. NASH,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Office on the Corner of Fifth and Washington streets.

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL is published every Wednesday, by J. R. DURBORROW and J. A. NASH, under the firm name of J. R. DURBORROW & Co., at $2,00 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2,50 if not paid for in six months from date of subscription, and $3 if not paid within the year.

No paper discontinued, unless at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid.

Regular monthly and yearly advertisements will be inserted at the following rates:

	3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y		3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y
1 Inch	2 50	4 00	5 00	6 00	¼ col	9 00	18 00	$ 27	$ 36
2 "	4 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	½ "	24 00	36 00	50	65
3 "	6 00	10 00	14 00	18 00	¾ "	34 00	50 00	65	80
4 "	8 00	14 00	20 00	24 00					
5 "	9 50	18 00	25 00	30 00	1 col	26 00	60 00	80	100

Special notices will be inserted at TWELVE AND A HALF CENTS per line, and local and editorial notices at FIFTEEN CENTS per line.

All Resolutions of Associations, Communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of Marriages and Deaths, exceeding five lines, will be charged TEN CENTS per line.

Legal and other notices will be charged to the party having them inserted.

Advertising Agents must find their commission outside of these figures.

All advertising accounts are due and collectable when the advertisement is once inserted.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in Plain and Fancy Colors, done with neatness and dispatch.—Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice, and every thing in the Printing line will be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Professional Cards.

B. F. GEHRETT, M. D., *ECLECTIC PHYCICIAN AND SURGEON*, having returned from Clearfield county and permanently located in Shirleysburg, offers his professional services to the people of that place and surrounding country. apr.3-1872.

DR. H. W. BUCHANAN,
DENTIST,
No. 228 Hill Street,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
July 3, '72.

DR. F. O. ALLEMAN can be consulted at his office, at all hours, Mapleton, Pa. [march6,72.

D. CALDWELL, Attorney-at-Law, No. 111, 3d street. Office formerly occupied by Messrs. Woods & Williamson. [ap12,'71.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, offers his professional services to the community. Office, No. 523 Washington street, one door east of the Catholic Parsonage. [jan.4,'71.

E. J. GREENE, Dentist. Office removed to Leister's new building, Hill street Huntingdon. [jan.4,'71.

G. L. ROBB, Dentist, office in S. T. Brown's new building, No. 520, Hill St., Huntingdon, Pa. [ap12,'71.

H. GLAZIER, Notary Public, corner of Washington and Smith streets, Huntingdon, Pa. [jan.12'71.

H. C. MADDEN, Attorney-at-Law Office, No. —, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap.19,'71.

J. FRANKLIN SCHOCK, Attorney-at-Law, HUNTINGDON, PA. june26,'72-6m,

J. SYLVANUS BLAIR, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office, Hill street, hree doors west of Smith. [jan.4'71.

J. R. PATTON, Druggist and Apothecary, opposite the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. Prescriptions accurately compounded. Pure Liquors for Medicinal purposes. [nov.23,'70.

J. HALL MUSSER, Attorney-at-Law, No. 319 Hill st., Huntingdon, Pa. [jan.4,'71.

J. R. DURBORROW, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Huntingdon county. Particular attention given to the settlement of estates of decedents.
Office in he JOURNAL Building. [feb.1,'71.

J. W. MATTERN, Attorney-at-Law and General Claim Agent, Huntingdon, Pa., Soldiers' claims against the Government for back pay, bounty, widows' and invalid pensions attended to with great care and promptness.
Office on Hill street. [jan.4,'71.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Special attention given to COLLECTIONS of all kinds; to the settlement of Estates, &c.; and all other Legal Business prosecuted with fidelity and dispatch.
☞ Office in room lately occupied by R. Milton Speer, Esq. [jan.4,'71.

MILES ZENTMYER, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will attend promptly to all legal business. Office in Cunningham's new building. [jan.4,'71.

P. M. & M. S. LYTLE, Attorneys-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will attend to all kinds of legal business entrusted to their care.
Office on the south side of Hill street, fourth door west of Smith. [jan.4,'71.

R. A. ORBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 321 Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [may31,'71.

JOHN SCOTT. S. T. BROWN. J. M. BAILEY
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY, Attorneys-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Pensions, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government will be promptly prosecuted.
Office on Hill street. [jan.4,'71.

T. W. MYTON, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office with J. Sewell Stewart, Esq. [jan.4,'71.

WILLIAM A. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Special attention given to collections, and all other legal business attended to with care and promptness. Office, No. 229, Hill street. [ap19,'71.

Hotels.

MORRISON HOUSE,
OPPOSITE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. DEPOT
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. H. CLOVER, Prop.
April 5, 1871-1y.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
S. S. BOWDON, Prop'r.
Corner of Pitt & Juliana Sts., Bedford, Pa. may1.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, Huntingdon, Pa. JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.
January 4, 1871.

Miscellaneous.

E. BARTOL. | A. KENNEDY. | J. MARCH. | DAVID MINGLE
BARTOL, KENNEDY & CO.

[*Lately Franklin Manufacturing Company.*]

Manufactures Flooring, Siding, Doors, Sash, Shutters, Blinds, Moulding, Scroll Work, Counters, Shelving, Wood Turnings, Hubbs, Spokes, Bent Work, Forks, Rakes, Brooms, Pick, and Hammer Handles, all kinds of Furniture, &c. Our Machinery the very best quality and giving our entire being of attention to the business we are able to manufacture all of the abovd named articles, as well as many others, in the best style and always promptly.

All orders addressed to
BARTOL, KENNEDY & CO.,
Huntingdon, Pa.,
will receive our immediate attention. Price list furnished when desired.
Lumber taken in exchange for all kinds of work.
Jan. 31, 1871.

R. A. BECK, Fashionable Barber and Hairdresser, Hill street, opposite the Franklin House. All kinds of Tonics and Pomades kept onhand and for sale. [ap19,'71-6m

Miscellaneous.

1872. 1872.

CARPETS!! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!
SPRING STOCK.
AT LOWEST PRICES!
JAMES A. BROWN

Is constantly receiving at his new

CARPET STORE,

IN

HUNTINGDON, PA.,
525½ Hill Street.

Beautiful Patterns of Carpets, fresh from the ooms of the manufacturers. His stock comprises

BRUSSELS, INGRAINS,
VENITIAN, WOOL DUTCH,
COTTAGE, HEMP,
LIST and RAG CARPETS
CARPET CHAIN,
COCOA AND CANTON MATTINGS,
FLOOR, STAIR AND TABLE

OIL CLOTHS,

and a large stock of

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades and Fixtures, Drugget, Velvet Rugs, Door Mats, Extra Carpet Thread and Binding. I make a specialty of furnishing Churches and Lodges at City Prices, and invite Furnishing Committees to call and see goods made expressly for their purposes.

Buyers will *save money* and be better suited by going to the *regular* Carpet and Oil Cloth Store, for any of the above goods. I defy competition in prices and variety of beautiful patterns.

I have also the Agency for the Orignal HOWE SEWING MACHINE, IMPROVED, so well known as the best Family Machine in the world

Call at the CARPET STORE and see them.
JAMES A. BROWN.
Feb.14,1872.

W. BUCHANAN J. M. BUCHANAN.
BUCHANAN & SON.
509 HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

We have the the largest, cheapest and best assortment of

COOKING STOVES

West of Philadelphia. We constantly keep on hand

SPEARS',
CALORIFIC,
EXCELSIOR,
OLIVE BRANCH,
PENN,
MORNING LIGHT,
COTTAGE,
STAR, and the
REGULATOR.

EVERY STOVE WARRANTED!
WOOD and WILLOW WARE,
JAPANESE WARE,
TIN AND PAINTED WARE,
TOLEDO PUMPS,
ETC., ETC., ETC. ETC.

Persons going to housekeeping can get everything they need, from a clothes pin to a cooking stove.

ROOFING, SPOUTING & JOB WORK done at short notice. Give us a call and we feel satisfied you can save money. 10april.

GRAND DEPOT
FOR
NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE

HAS JUST OPENED A

SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

CALL AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN.
Jan. 4, '71.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
at the Cheap Store of
BENJAMIN JACOBS,
Corner of the Diamond, in Saxton's Building

I have just received a large stock of Ladies' elegant Dress Goods, Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps of all kinds, in endless variety, for ladies, gentlemen, misses and children.

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GROCERIES,

Coffee, Teas of all kinds, best and common Syrups, Spices, &c. Tobacco and Segars, wholesale and retail.

These goods will be sold as cheap, if not *cheaper*, than any other house in town. "Quick sales and small profits," is my motto.

Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

POLITICAL CAMPAIGN OF 1872.
GRANT AND WILSON,
GREELEY AND BROWN
CAMPAIGN CAPS,
CAPES AND TORCHES,
TRANSPARENCIES AND BANNERS,
with Portraits or any device for all parties.

Silk, Bunting and Muslin Flags of all sizes on hand or made to order. Chinese Lanterns of all sizes and styles; Paper Balloons, Fire Works, &c. Campaign Clubs fitted out at the Lowest Rates at
WM. F. SCHEIBLE'S,
CAMPAIGN DEPOT,
No. 49 South Third Street, Philadelphia.
jly3-3m. (Send for Circulars.)

GOOD FITS!
SHOEMAKING!

We manufacture to order all kinds of Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., of the best material the market produces, and at the shortest possible notice. Persons from the country can be accommodated with our own manufacturing by giving a few hours notice.

All kinds of repairing neatly done.

For past favors accept our sincere thanks.
D. HERTZLER & BRO.,
403 Allegheny St.,
Opposite B. T. Depot
june26tf Huntingdon, Pa,

GAS LOAN.

The managers of the Huntingdon Gas Company propose to effect a loan for the purpose of enlarging and extending their works.

Bonds, secured by a first mortgage upon the works and real estate of the Company, will be issued in sums of from

$100 to $1,000,

bearing interest at the rate of *EIGHT PER CENT.* per annum, payable in January and July.

The bonds will be payable on the 1st day of July, 1880, with the right of redemption after five years.

By order of the Board of Managers.
J. SIMPSON AFRICA,
President.
J. W. GREENLAND,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Huntingdon, May 1, 1872-tf.

[OFFICIAL.]

LAWS
OF THE
UNITED STATES
PASSED AT THE
FIRST SESSION OF THE FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 80.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, viz:

For additional pay of officers, and for pay of instructors, cadets, and musicians, two hundred and twenty-two thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For repairs and improvements, timber, plank, boards, joists, wall-strips, laths, shingles, slate, tin, sheet-lead, nails, screws, locks, butts, hinges, glass, paint, turpentine, oils, bricks, lime, cement, plaster, hair, blasting powder, fuses, iron, steel, tools, mantels, and other similar materials, fourteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of citizen mechanics employed upon repairs that cannot be done by enlisted men, eight thousand dollars.

For fuel and apparatus, coal, wood, stoves, grates, furnaces, ranges, fire-bricks, and repairs, fourteen thousand dollars.

For gas pipes, gasometers, and retorts, and annual repairs of the same, six hundred dollars.

For fuel for cadets' mess hall, shops and laundry, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For postage and telegrams, two hundred dollars.

For stationery, blank books, paper, envelopes, quills, steel pens, wax, and ink, five hundred dollars.

For transportation of materials, discharged cadets, and ferriages, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For printing type, materials for office, diplomas for graduates, registers, and blanks, seven hundred dollars.

For compensation of lithographer, one hundred dollars.

For clerk to disbursing officer and quartermaster, one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For clerk to adjutant, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For clerk to treasurer, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For department of instruction in mathematics, viz: For plane table, one hundred and seventy-five dollars; repairs of instruments, thirty dollars; text books and stationery for instructors, twenty dollars.

For department of artillery, cavalry, and infantry tactics, viz: For tan bark for riding hall and gymnasium, one hundred and fifty dollars; stationery for assistant instructors, one hundred dollars; guidons, marker flags, camp colors, and embroidering colors for caps of cadets, fifty dollars; repairing camp stools, tents, and furniture, five hundred dollars; foils, masks, gloves, and repairs for fencing, two hundred dollars.

For department of civil and military engineering: For models, maps, repairs of instruments, and text books and stationery for use of instructors, five hundred dollars.

For department of natural and experimental philosophy: For chronograph for observatory, one thousand dollars; two sextants, three hundred dollars; surveyor's transit, two hundred and fifty dollars; barometer, fifty dollars; repairs and contingencies, five hundred dollars; compensation to attendant, fifty dollars.

For department of drawing: For Turner's Liber-studiorum for the use of the second class, one hundred and twenty dollars; topographical models, architectural models and ornaments, and models of machines, for the use of the third class, one hundred dollars; colors, brushes, pencils, and papers, for the use of instructors, ten dollars.

For department of law and ethics: For books of reference, text books, and stationery, for the use of instructors, one hundred dollars.

For department of French: For text books and stationery, for the use of instructors, fifty dollars.

For department of Spanish: For text books and stationery, for the use of instructors, fifty dollars.

For department of chemistry, mineralogy, and geology: For chemicals, including chemical apparatus, glass and porcelain ware, paper, wire, and sheet metal, five hundred and fifty dollars; material for practical instruction in photography, two hundred dollars; rough specimens, files, alcohol, lamps, blow pipes, pencils, and agate mortars, for practical instruction in mineralogy and geology, one hundred and seventy-five dollars; fossils illustrating the different rock formations, for daily use in section rooms, one hundred and twenty-five dollars; gradual increase of the cabinet, five hundred dollars; repairs and improvements in electric, galvanic, magnetic, electro-magnetic, and magneto-electric apparatus, four hundred and fifty dollars; repairs and additions to pneumatic and thermie apparatus, one hundred and fifty dollars; improved adjustable electric lamp, one hundred and fifty dollars; carpenters' and metal work, and materials for the same, sixty-five dollars; improved binocular microscope, complete, three hundred dollars; diagrams illustrating chemical and geological phenomena, one hundred and twenty-five dollars; mechanics' tools, twenty dollars; pay of mechanics, to be employed in chemical and geological section rooms, and in the lecture room, one thousand and fifty dollars; for bringing steam directly to chemical rooms, and for chemical and mechanical operations, two hundred and seventy dollars; steam cylinder and piston, five hundred dollars; setting up Ludd's dynamo-magnetic electric machine, one hundred dollars; replastering and repainting section rooms, one hundred and twenty dollars; reflooring lecture room, eighty dollars; covering floor of mineralogical section room, one hundred and ten dollars; compensation to attendant, fifty dollars.

For department of practical engineering: For ten box-compasses, fifty dollars; repairs of instruments, twenty-five dollars; lumber for profiling, tracting-tapes, and turpentine, one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For department of ordnance and gunnery: For building sink, repairing and pointing walls, and for new doors, five hundred dollars.

For the expenses of the board of visitors, five thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses: For gas, coal oil, for lighting the academy, cadet barracks, mess hall, hospital offices, stable, and inside walks, four thousand dollars; water pipes, plumbing, and repairs, two thousand dollars; cleaning public buildings, (not quarters,) five hundred and sixty dollars; brooms, brushes, pails, tubs, and cloths, two hundred dollars; chalk, crayons, sponge, and slates for recitation rooms, one hundred dollars; compensation of chapel organist, two hundred dollars; compensation of librarian, one hundred and twenty dollars; compensation of non-commissioned officer in charge of mechanics, fifty dollars; compensation of soldier writing in adjutant's office, fifty dollars; pay of engineer of heating and ventilating apparatus, cadet barracks, chapel, and philosophical academy, including the library, one thousand five hundred dollars; pay of assistant of same, seven hundred and twenty dollars; pay of five fireman, two thousand two hundred dollars; increase and expense of the library, books, magazines, periodicals, and binding, two thousand dollars.

For reimbursing cadedts for losses incurred by their efforts in extinguishing a fire in their barracks, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-one, six thousand eight hundred and eighteen dollars and eighty-two cents.

For pay of librarian's assistant, one thousand dollars.

For contingencies for superintendent of the academy, one thousand dollars.

For repairing and opening roads and paths, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For ice house and an additional storeroom and servants' room, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For coal-house, five thousand dollars.

For re-covering south wharf, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Approved, May 23, 1872.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 141.]

AN ACT to authorize the sale of certain public property.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to sell, in whole or in such subdivisions as shall, in his opinion, secure the greatest amount of money either by public auction or by inviting proposals for the purchase thereof, and in either case to the highest bidder, all the lands and tenements belonging to the United States, at Rome, New York; Vergennes, Vermont; Fayetteville, North Carolina; Mount Vernon, Alabama; and Chattahoochee, Florida, now or heretofore used for arsenal purposes, and known, respectively, as Rome arsenal, Champlain arsenal, North Carolina arsenal, Mount Vernon arsenal, and Apalachicola arsenal; also the captured lands and tenements belonging to the United States at Shreveport, Louisiana; Marshall and Jefferson, Texas; and in Marion and Davis counties, Texas; and a tract of forty acres of land, more or less, situated about two and one-half miles from the present United States arsenal at Augusta, Georgia, which comprises the site of the old United States arsenal and any adjoining land purchased by the so-called "confederate States," which fell to the United States as captured property, and which has not hitherto been sold, and all the material and buildings of the powder-works erected by the so-called "confederate" government thereon: Provided, That no sale shall be made under this act until the time, terms, place, and mode thereof shall have been published in one of the principal newspapers in the city of Washington, in two of the principal papers printed at the capital of the State, and one paper printed in the county in which the arsenal or lands to be sold are situated, for the space of sixty days prior to the sale. If no newspaper is printed in the county where the property to be sold is situated, then the notice shall be published in a newspaper printed in any adjoining county.

SEC. 2. That the terms of payment for the property above directed to be sold shall be in all cases not less than one-fourth cash and the remainder on credit of one, two, and three years, with interest at six per centum per annum, secured by land and surety from the purchaser or purchasers; and the Secretary of War is empowered and required, on receiving the purchase money in full, to execute all necessary deeds of said property to the purchaser or purchasers thereof on behalf of the United States.

SEC. 3. That the proceeds of said sales, after paying the necessary expenses thereof, shall, upon receipt of the same, be paid by the Secretary of War into the treasury.

Approved, June 10, 1872.

Reading for the Million.

The Diamond Fields.

Another Story—The Narrative of the Original Discoverer—Gems Abounding in Bushels.

The Laramie *Sentinel* has the following:

We have the honor of first placing before the country the only authentic history and circumstances connected with the great diamond discovery, which we gathered from the original discoverer, Mr. T. Edward Arnold. The main facts were in our possession some days ago, but at the request of parties most interested it was not published at that time. Our readers will remember that on the 14th inst., there appeared in the *Sentinel* an article on this subject. The next morning, we were waited on by Mr. Arnold, when the following conversation ensued: Mr. Arnold—"It is no use for me to misrepresent matters to you regarding your article in last evening's issue, for you have got us down to a hole. I came here for the purpose of fitting out an expedition, as you state, supposing that it could be done without our intention or destination being discovered. The San Francisco papers have been working in the dark, publishing all sorts of nonsense regarding this important discovery, but you are the only one who has yet hit us hard. We will compromise, if agreeable to you, as we are not ready to have the facts made public. If you will let up on us for a few days, we will give you the facts in full, and you shall publish the first authentic account of the affair." Satisfied that we would remain quiet until such time as he was ready to have the matter made public, Mr. Arnold proceeded: "I am the original discoverer of the diamond district. My first visit to the fields was in July, 1869. I was prospecting in the Pimas Indian country for gold. One day an Indian came to me bringing about a pint of bright and peculiar shaped stones. The Indian assured me that they were diamonds, and that the locality where they were to be found had been known to his tribe for many years. After making him some presents, with a heap of persuasion, he consented to accompany me to the ground. It was a three days' journey, and we started immediately. I found the fields located on the slope of a mountain, of sandstone formation; and so plenty were the gems to be found that I picked up a quart or more in a few minutes. I started next day, with fear and hope, for San Francisco. On my arrival there I carried the stones to J. A. Tucker, jeweler, on Montgomery street, who pronounced them worthless. I was not satisfied. I heard of a French lapidary in the city who had worked at Amsterdam, Holland, the great diamond cutting mart of the world, and to him I repaired for his opinion. He pronounced them diamonds of the first water.

My friends in some manner got hold of the matter, and it was creating some excitement. When questioned, I referred to Tucker. This satisfied them, and threw them off. To make assurance doubly sure, I sent one of the stones to Fossa, Morris & Co., Boston, and had it cut. This relieved my mind of all doubt. I went back that season and brought out with me about $200,000 worth. I made two trips in 1870, two in 1871, and one this year, in company with Dodge, Rewbery and Henry Janin, who were sent to verify my statements to the company I was then forming. On this occasion, in washing about a ton and a half of dirt, we found $80,000 worth of brilliants. The publishing of this report of Janin's was the greatest mistake we have made, for it set all the old miners upon us. These diamonds were discovered before the two pretenders were even in that country. I know them both well. They are "frauds." Here he showed us a beautiful brilliant of about seven karats, saying: "This is one that I brought out with me on my last trip. Dodge, who accompanied us on that occasion, is a very poor miner. He is too well fixed to mine. After being on the grounds for a few hours, he positively refused to pick up the diamonds when they were under his very nose. Janin's report was more than satisfactory, and the company was formed, with a capital of $10,000,000. It was still thought necessary to keep the locality a secret. I started South and secured twenty negroes, thinking that I could move them out to the location to get about six months' work out of them, when I would have been willing that the world should know the location. I got them here, and had them equipped, and was ready, when I lost confidence in the colored troops and concluded to send them home. They had been here only about three weeks, and I gave them $150 each, and they were well satisfied. General M'Clellan has come on, and matters are satisfactorily arranged. I go to Canon City, Colorado, from which place I shall start with one hundred picked men and experienced men. Our claim is all right. We are protected by the government, and we have concluded to go ahead in the matter boldly. Miner and Fox, of Colorado, claim to have discovered the spot where our gems are found, but do not speak of seeing the men which we have on the ground working and holding possession. From Canon City our route lies southwest, through St. Louis valley three hundred miles, and south of the Moquis village near Flax river. About $2,800,000 worth of brilliants have been gathered up to this date, figured at a low estimate. I took out one weighing 405 on my first visit. I could pick them up on the slope of the mountain without trouble. The rains had washed the surface dirt off and exposed them to view. I have denied, upon all occasions, any knowledge of the location of the diamond district, except to my company. I have been obliged to do so to protect the interests of my friends and myself. You are the first outsider who has obtained any accurate account of this affair. Humboldt speaks of this country as a region where diamonds should be found, and Lieut. Ives, who passed through that section in 1857 with a surveying party, describes the rubies and emeralds found there, and speaks of finding stones resembling diamonds, none of which were tested by competent judges. We believe that the gravel in which the gems are found occupies an area of some three hundred thousand acres. The tract is on government land, and the government has issued its patent for the entire area. The present owners have, therefore, the power of the United States to protect them in the possession and enjoyment of their property." The company of which Mr. Arnold is the founder is incorporated as the California and New York Mining and Commercial Company, with the following named Trustees: Hon. M. S. Latham, President of the London and San Francisco Bank; Albert Gansal, of B. Davidson & Co., Rothschilds' agents; Hon. Thos. A. Selby, Wm. M. Lent, Wm. F. Babcock, Louis Sloss, and Maurice Dore, of San Francisco, and Gen. George B. M'Clellan, and S. L. M. Barlow, of New York city. The capital stock is $10,000,000. Mr. Janin, the engineer and mineralogist of the company, estimates the cash value of the jewels already secured at $1,000,000, and says there can be no estimate of the wealth embodied in the company's tract. Mr. T. Edwards Arnold is a Kentucky man by birth, and is forty years of age. He came into the Western country at the age of eighteen, and has, therefore, the experience of twenty-two years mining, and was at one time the partner of old Bill Bridger, and is said to know the Western country better than any man now living. He has acquired a fortune through his diamond discoveries, and after getting the company into working order, he proposes to retire and no longer lead the life of a hardy miner.

The Stray Mule.

At a meeting in a frontier Western settlement several present were stoutly opposed to the organization of a Sunday school. Not being able to agree, the meeting was 'breaking up' when the chairman said he had a very important notice to read to them. Quiet was soon restored to hear this rather novel 'religious notice.'

'Strayed—A large black mule. He had on a halter when he left, and is branded on the left hip with the letter S. Any one returning said mule will be liberally rewarded.'

The keen Sunday School Union missionary quickly announced that he also had a very important notice to give out.

'Strayed—A number of boys from their homes, near this place, Sunday morning. They had guns and fishing poles on their shoulders when they left. They are branded, by a holy God, as Sabbath breakers. Any one returning said boys, and placing them in a Sunday school, will be liberally rewaded at the day of judgment.'

The tact of that missionary carried the vote in favor of a Sunday school, and those stray boys were duly returned to it.

The Campaign.

[From the Warren (Pa.) Mail.]

The Philadelphia Press and Gen. Allen.

The *Press* opposes Hartranft ostensibly because he was nominated by Cameron's influence—in fact, because he exposed the Evans affair with which Forney was unfortunately connected. It opposes Allen, as a blind—to make people believe that its opposition is general and not personal to Hartranft alone because of that exposure. The *Press* of August 17th says:

"He (Allen) is a sound Republican, and gives evidence that he is willing to make a personal sacrifice for the success of his party. But he cannot forget and dare not deny the affidavit of G. W. Ellis, of Warren county, who, being interested with a number of other gentlemen in securing certain legislation, went to Harrisburg to secure a charter."

Ellis made *no affidavit*, and would make none. He made a *statement* in 1869, which the *Press* first published in 1872. It may think such changing of dates honest, but plain people don't. We desire to inform the *Press* and all others that Allen did then and does now deny that statement. Ellis himself considered it a mistake before he left the county three years ago, and always exonerated Allen from blame. It was like all "last cards" before election, and had no more effect. Allen was then a candidate for Senator. This statement was circulated everywhere by his personal enemies, and the whole transaction alleged to have occurred in 1867 was thoroughly canvassed and understood by the people of this county and Senatorial district. Yet he carried the County Convention largely, was nominated by acclamation, and triumphantly elected. This was the people's verdict then. It will be the same now.

The only man whom Ellis connected with the transaction at Harrisburg was Mr. Chase. He very promptly made the following affidavit, which was never denied:

WARREN, June 28, 1869.—I hereby certify that the statement published in a circular, dated Warren, June 24, 1869, over the name of C. W. Ellis, in relation to his visiting Harrisburg for the purpose of buying legislation, two years ago last winter, is not true. Mr. Ellis knows more of the transaction than he has stated, which he will not deny under oath. I acted entirely under the instructions form Mr. Ellis, which were different from the statement published. I never had any instructions from General Allen in the matter, and understood from Mr. Ellis that General Allen would have nothing to do with the matter, and I believe he did not.
THEO. CHASE.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, WARREN COUTY, ss.—Personally appeared before me a Notary Public in and for the county of Warren, Theodore Chase, who, being by me duly sworn according to law, deposeth and says that the above statement, signed by him, is correct and true.

In witness whereof I hereto set my hand and official seal, this 29th day of June, A. D. 1869.

FRANK D. REEVES.
Notary Public

When the statement first appeared it made some feeling, and a regular examination of Ellis and others, at Allen's request, took place in Warren before a crowd of spectator. Allen and his accusers met face to face. They were not sworn, but otherwise the examination had all the force of a trial at Court. The result no wise criminated Allen, as the following will show:

WARREN, PA., June 26, 1872.—We, the undersigned citizens of Warren, having listened to the examination of Mr. Ellis on Tuesday, June 18th, at this place, do declare that the statement of Mr. Ellis, dated at Erie, June 21st, does not contain all the facts which he gave here, and which conveyed a different idea from the last statement. Mr. Ellis expressly declared that he does not now believe and never has believed that General Allen ever received any of the money or appropriated it to his own use. He said he exonerated General Allen from all blame in the matter.

J. R. CAPRON, A. GEROULD,
DAVID DINSMOOR, D. I. BALL,
D. M. WILLIAMS, RUFUS B. SMITH.

In addition to this the editor of the Democratic paper (the Warren *Ledger*), no wise partial to Allen, was present and made a long and impartial article on the subject, under date of June 24, 1869. We extract such parts of it as refer directly to the result without censuring the opponents of Allen, as he did. After complimenting Allen for his zeal as a Republican, saying that—

"He has organized all the mass meetings, and brought out the speakers—has spoken himself—is always active and efficient. He is 'Young America' Radical, and Radical Young America goes for him"—

He alludes to the Ellis scandal, and says: "These stories coming to Allen's knowledge naturally aroused his temper, and he charged the story to be false and challenged investigation. Last week the investigation was had in this town. * * *

"Now, this revelation is as true, in the main, as could be elicited from a judicial investigation. It is not our business to surmise who did finally obtain the money. It was not to shown that General Allen ever had or saw a dollar of it. That it was raised for corrupt purposes is clearly proven. If they attended to make capital from this to injure Gen. Allen they are lacking in judgment. * * * * *

"This investigation then, has not injured the General's chances for a nomination, or should not. He always asserted he would not have the money, and they failed to show that he ever did have it. He has been tried, and we find in favor of the defendant and against the plaintiffs. * * This Court claims to be an impartial one, and we think the decision is according to the evidence. If then Gen. Allen's chances were dubious a few days ago, this triumphal acquittal should make him the nominee by a unanimous vote of the Convention, if it seeks to do justice."

The next week the *Ledger* alluded to strictures on its article by Allen's opponents, and added:

The circular, which most of our readers have probably seen, was intended to correct the *Ledger* in some particulars, but we failed, as most other did, to discover any material difference, except that the circular was all on one side, while our article was made up from the testimony of the two sides, and was correct in all its material parts.

Coming down to the present time, we have evidence still more positive. Even his political opponents tire of this sort of persecution and speak out in his behalf. Only last Saturday, August 24th, at a Democratic meeting in his own township of Glade, fair-minded men advocated his election. David Beatty was President of the meeting in Glade, Matthew Shipman Vice President, and Jacob Offerlee and Theodore Hull Secretaries.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously:

Resolved, That we, life-long Democrats of Warren county and neighbors of Gen. Allen, do most cheerfully bear testimony to his excellence as a citizen, and most decidedly dissent from and disapprobate the slanders being hurled against him by the partisan *Press*. Knowing him from his boyhood, we do not credit the charges made against him, but believe them the offspring of political malice and disappointed ambition.

Resolved, That while entirely differing from him in politics, and being in favor of Greeley and Buckalew, we do not feel that political success should be obtained at the price of the fair fame of any candidate, and we therefore expsess our sentiments most fully, and, as we think, in the most democratic manner, when we say that trumped-up charges, unsubstantiated by any evidence, are not and ought not to be considered as of any value whatever against any candidate, but in the case of Gen. Allen it is most especially unjust, as, without money or influential position, he has risen to distinction, and his whole life has proven his energy, his ability, and his fidelity to every trust or business which has been placed upon him or in which he has been engaged. He is almost the first in every charitable enterprise, and is emphatically the poor man's friend.

Resolved, That in giving expression to our sentiments, we believe there are hundreds of our neighbors who will agree with us, and who, while repudiating the calumnies heaped on Gen. Allen, will vote the balance of the Democratic and Liberal Ticket from President down to County Auditor.

This independent action sustains what we have before predicted—that he will not only carry his own Democratic township, but run ahead of his party in this county and district. If a man's neighbors don't know him who should? If they trust him and support him, why shouldn't the *Press*?

We have given the above to show to people abroad what was and is the general judgment on this affair at home. That the *Press* is insincere as well as unjust and unfair in its opposition to Allen especially, is shown not only by its effort to revive an old scandal long ago exploded, but by its own honestly expressed opinion of our nominee when it had no occasion for a factious opposition Here is what it said no loner ago than May 19, 1871:

"Gen Harrison Allen, State Senator from Warren county, who was largely voted for in the Republican State Convention for the office of Auditor-General, is one of the truest and best men in our Commonwealth. Had he received the nomination he would have received a cordial and enthusiastic support. Let him contentedly bide his time. Higher honors await him."

Ger. Allen did "contentedly bide his time," He served his constituents faithfully and ably, two years in the House and three years in the Senate. As a Republican at home, at Harrisburg, in the Chicago National Convention, and on the stump, and every where, he has been and still is true as steel while others have deserted to the enemy and betrayed their trust. That "higher honors await him," will be the verdict of not only the *Press* but of the people at the polls in October next.

Lost Opportunities.

There was a time when Mr. Buckalew might have pushed his claim to statesmanlike grasp of mind into the sphere of popular recognition. That was on the 8th of April, 1864, when the Senate of the United States adopted, by a vote of 38 to 6, the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery throughout the United States. On turning to the record we find that Mr. Buckalew was dumb on this extraordinary occasion. While debating with himself whether fealty to the Democratic party was compatible with an act of justice and reparation, applauded by every enlightened nation on the globe, the grand opportunity passed away forever.

Now, though it may well be true that not every Senator who voted to do away with chattel slavery forever was a statesman, we hold that no statesman, in the enlarged sense of the term, neglected to vote for it, or voted against it, when the opportunity was presented. A statesman is one who can, when occasion requires, rise superior to party trammels and declare for even-handed justice. A statesman always acts *in* the present *for* the future. The stupidest of men who, favored by accident, sometimes attain to seats in legislative bodies, are generally found equal to any party demand made upon them.—Such men can follow the orthodox fashion of voting with their colleagues, or they can manage to dodge a vote which they deem inimical to their individual interests. Such men, however, are never ranked with statesmen. Carefully looking over Mr. Buckalew's record as a public man, we find no marked instance in which he has risen above the level of partisan politics. He seems to have been born with a morbid veneration for the Democratic party—always, in its pretensions, an enormous fraud upon the people. Such men make tolerable leaders—never statesmen.

There was another occasion when Mr. Buckalew might have earned a reputation for patriotism which would have lived after him. Indeed, his entire Senatorial term was fruitful in occasions for the exercise of a high-toned patriotism. But we more particularly allude to the summer of 1864, when General Grant, General Hartranft and many others were at the front, hammering away at Mr. Buckalew's rebellious friends—his Democratic friends.—That was a time in which to strengthen the hands of the government was markedly a patriotic duty. But upon examination of Senator Buckalew's record we nowhere find that he thought it any part of his duty to befriend the power that fed him. It may be relevant here to allude to a coincidence in history, because history instructs as often by coincidence as otherwise. The coincidence relates to the whereabouts of four individuals now rather prominent in the public mind. In the summer of 1864, General Grant was obeying the war-cry shouted by Horace Greeley in 1861—that is, he was beating his way "on to Richmond." While General Grant was thus engaged, Mr. Greeley was trying to induce Mr. Lincoln to call off his dogs of war, and furnishing the key-note of the Chicago Democratic platform. That key-note was—"the war is a failure." The key-note of Mr. Greeley's letter to the President was—"we have failed

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 11, 1872.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

General ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Honorable HENRY WILSON,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

Adolph E. Borie, Phila. | J. M. Thompson, Butler.
W. D. Forten, Philadelphia.

REPRESENTATIVE.

1. Joseph A. Bonham.
2. Marcus A. Davis.
3. G. Morrison Coates.
4. Henry Bumm.
5. Theo. M. Wilson.
6. John M. Bromall.
7. Francis Shroeder.
8. Mark H. Richards.
9. Edward H. Green.
10. D. K. Shoemaker.
11. Daniel R. Miller.
12. Leander M. Milton.
13. Theodore Strong.
14. John Passmore.
15. W. J. Colegrove.
16. Jesse Merrill.
17. Henry Orlady.
18. Robert Bell.
19. J. M, Thompson.
20. Isaac Frazier.
21. Geo. W. Andrews.
22. Henry Lloyd.
23. John J. Gillepsie.
24. Jones Patterson.
25. John W. Wallace.
26. Charles C. Boyle.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Cen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,

OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

Judge ULYSSES MERCUR,

OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,

General HARRISON ALLEN,

OF WARREN COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,

Gen. LEMUEL TODD, of Cumberland.
Hon. GLENNI W. SCOFIELD, Warren.
Gen CHARLES A. ALBRIGHT, Carbon.

For Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention.

Wm. M. Meredith, Philadelphia; J. Gillingham Fell, Philadelphia; Harry White, Indiana; William Lilly, Carbon; Linn Bartholomew, Schuylkill; M'Allister, Centre; William H. Armstrong, Lycoming; William Davis, Luzerne; James L. Reynolds, Lancaster; Samuel E. Dimmick, Wayne; George V. Lawrence, Washington; David N. White, Allegheny; W. H. Arney, Lehigh; John H. Walker, Erie.

REPUBLICAN DISTRICT TICKET.

For Congress:

Hon. A. A. Barker, of Cambria county.

For Delegates to Constitutional Convention:

Dr. John M'Culloch, of Huntingdon,
Dr. J. P. Sterrett, of Juniata.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Assembly:

Franklin H. Lane, of Shirleysburg.

For Prothonotary:

Thomas W. Myton, of Huntingdon.

For Register and Recorder:

William Lightner, of West township.

For District Attorney:

H. C. Madden, of Huntingdon.

For County Commissioner:

David Hare, of Porter township.

For Director of the Poor:

Michael H. Kyper, of Shirley township.

For Auditor:

Barton Green, of Barree township.

VERMONT O. K.

The Republican majority in Vermont will reach 25,000. Hip, hip, hurrah! Maine, next!

☞ Mr. Speer believed that Mr. Barker would be easier beaten than Mr. Blair. The Republicans of the district will satisfy him of his mistake!

☞ The nomination of Mr. Barker has been received here with more decided expressions of approval than any nomination for years. We have never known such a feeling to rebuke an officious intermeddler. Rally for Barker!

☞ The first step of a dissatisfied Republican is to run as an Independent candidate, the second one to intrigue with the Democrats, and the third one to be received into the communion of the Democratic faith. The steps are gradual, but never fail to land at the point stated.

☞ The meeting in the Court House, on last Thursday night, addressed by Gen. Charles Albright and Hon. John Scott, was one of the best meetings we have attended since the campaign of '68. Gen. Albright made a decided impression. Having married his wife in this county, he feels a deep interest in our welfare.

☞ Mr. Speer has endeavored to defeat one of the gentlemen before the Republican Congressional Conference, by the use of money, because he believed him to be the strongest man, but the Republicans of this district will show him that Mr. Barker is the strongest man, and that he had better have minded his own business.

☞ We were very much discouraged when the Democratic County Convention failed to put up a county ticket. We wanted something to fight. Fighting a shadow is very little satisfaction; but the action of the Democratic County Committee, thank our stars, has done us a world of good. We have a Democratic ticket at last! Now then, Republicans, let's flay it alive!

☞ We appeal to every Republican in the district, who was in favor of the nomination of Hon. S. S. Blair, for Congress, and opposed to the nomination of Hon. A. A. Barker, to now turn in and support the latter gentleman, with all the earnestness he can command, and defeat the man who spent hundreds of dollars to secure the defeat of Mr. Blair because he believed him to be the strongest man. He must be taught to keep hands off! Work and vote for Barker!

☞ Part of the gentlemen on the Independent Democratic ticket alledge that they were defeated three years ago by some of the gentlemen on the regular Republican ticket this fall. But these complainants forget that a year later they defeated Hon. D. J. Morrell as an offset for the infidelity of the year previous, and this squared the account. The aggressors regarded the matter in this light when they voted, last fall, for Richardson. He that is without guilt let him cast the first stone.

THE INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The Democratic County Convention, which assembled in this place, on the 14th ult., passed a resolution declaring that it was inexpedient to nominate a ticket at the time. It was generally understood that this was Mr. Speer's programme, and that he had resorted to this little expedient to head off any ambitious Democrats who desired to get their names before the public as candidates. Mr. Speer no doubt feels that he has a right to monopolize all the notoriety of this character, and, consequently, he insists that no other Democrat has a right to come before the public.—This may be a very clever thing for that gentleman but, if we are not mistaken, it is just a little jesuitical and tyrannical, to say nothing of the extreme selfishness.—The Democratic Convention having adjourned, Mr. Speer set himself about manufacturing a ticket for the Democracy. To accomplish his purposes it was necessary to call in the aid of the old political sinner of the *Globe*, who had not grown warm in the Democratic service yet, and jointly they prevailed upon a few sorehead Republicans to allow their names to be used to further their transparent schemes. We are astonished that any sensible men, men who are evidently ambitious and who desire preferment, should allow themselves to become the mere tools of these creatures who care nothing about them, and who only mean to sacrifice them to accomplish their own extreme selfish ends. Mr. Speer and Mr. Lewis both know that there is no more chance for the election of an independent Republican this fall, in this county, than there is for the election of a Democrat, and yet for the purpose of getting these men to cast a few votes for Mr. Speer, for Congress, they are induced to politically damn themselves for years to come. Was there ever, in the history of politics, more transparent folly? But Mr. Speer must make these deluded men believe that he is acting in good faith, and he at once determines to set the action of the Democratic Convention at defiance, action prompted by himself, and he induces the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee to call a meeting of that body and to recommend the support of these gentlemen to the Democratic party. The call was accordingly made, but opposition manifesting itself, Mr. Speer was obliged to go before the Committee and let the "cat out of the bag" by urging that upon the adoption or approval of these candidates depended his election showing a complete bargain and sale!—These gentlemen and their immediate friends are to vote for Mr. Speer and in return Mr. Speer is to get them an empty Democratic endorsement.

Republicans, are you going to allow this kind of bargain and sale? Are you going to encourage this kind of Democratic duplicity? No, we know you will not!—Arise, then, in your might, and tell Mr. Speer and these deluded gentlemen that they have accepted a Democratic endorsement, and that they, consequently, place themselves outside of the Republican organization, and that no good, substantial Republican can vote for them, or either of them!

Democrats, we know that this ticket has been forced upon you. If a ticket had been desirable your County Convention would have placed it in the field. Arise, then, and repudiate it! You are in no wise bound by the action of the Committee. It simply recommended it to you on Mr. Speer's responsibility. Teach Mr. Speer and Mr. Lewis that you are of age, and that you cannot be driven like cattle! Repudiate it!

PAYING SOLDIERS IN GOLD.

Mr. Buckalew, says the *North American*, makes one notable claim to support in this canvass that ought not to be passed unnoticed. He says that in the Senate in May, 1864, he voted to pay the soldiers in gold. Gold was ranging at the time somewhere 250. The army in the field was one million of men, and the pay of these constituted the leading item of the expenditure for the war. Every copperhead in the north who was opposed to the war and would have peace on any terms, wanted to pay the soldiers in gold. Can any man of ordinary common sense mistake the aim of this dodge. It was to break down the Treasury, of course. The debt reached three thousand millions of dollars, and we are told that had the whole amount of our liabilities been funded, the debt would have reached four thousand millions. But suppose Buckalew's proposition had been adopted, what would the debt have been?

The war did not terminate until the middle of 1865, more than a year after he made his proposition. Practically the pay of the men would have been nearly trebled, and probably more; for any man of the least business knowledge must be aware that if this proposition had been adopted gold would have risen 20, 30, 40 or 50 per cent. at once. For of course the brokers sit down and calculate the working of such a proposition. They would have known to a hair all the money required, and they would have known that it could not be had without extreme difficulty. This proposition, therefore, might just as well have originated with the rebel commissioners in Canada as with Buckalew. Probably it did, for Thompson's report says that he conferred with Buckalew.

The Greeley candidate for Governor must have an idea that the tax-payers either have no interests worth caring for, or are deaf, dumb and blind. For a man at this day to put in a claim as a great merit that he voted to make the debt higher and more onerous, to sink the public credit to compel the government to make a dishonorable peace, to bring the soldiers back to homes covered with debt, and to saddle the nation with a burden that might have blighted all our interests by the tremendous pressure of taxation, seems to us as passing strange. Yet a man does this who is going about asking people to elect him Governor of Pennsylvania. If he puts in this as a specimen of his statesmanship, what may we not expect him to do with our State finances if he gets a chance?

☞ Republicans, no trading! There is no necessity for it. Every man on your ticket, from top to bottom, will be elected if you will only stand firm! No trading!

MORE VILLAINY OF BUCKALEW'S FRIENDS.

THE MURDER OF LINCOLN PART OF THEIR SCHEME.

Infected Clothing Sent Him by Express as a Present.

THE SWORN PROOFS.

The enormity of Buckalew's treason can only be measured, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, by the atrocious designs of the rebels he skulked to Canada to see and consult, and it would seem that their crimes are grosser and more fiendish the more light we get upon them. Read this, taken from *Pitman's Report of the Trial of the Assassins of Abraham Lincoln*:

Godfrey Joseph Hyams, sworn: "I am a native of London, England. About the middle of December, 1863, I made the acquaintance of Dr. Blackburn. He asked me if I would go south and serve the Confederacy. I said I would; I was to stay in Toronto and go on with my legitimate business until I heard from him; I had been out to take a pair of boots to a customer of mine, and when I returned home my wife had a letter for me from Dr. Blackburn. I read the letter; the letter instructed me to proceed to Montreal and thence to Halifax to meet Dr. Blackburn. It was dated Havana, May 10, 1864; when Dr. Blackburn arrived at Halifax he sent to the Farmers' Hotel, where I was staying, for me. I went to see him and he told me some "goods" were on board the steamer Alphia. Mr. Hill, the second officer, told me to get an express wagon and take it to the Cunard wharf. I did so and there got eight trunks *and a valise*; I then went to Dr. Blackburn and told him I had got the goods off the steamer. He told me the five trunks *tied up with ropes* were the ones for me to take, and asked me if I would *take the valise into the States*, AND SEND IT BY EXPRESS, WITH AN ACCOMPANYING LETTER, AS A PRESSENT TO PRESIDENT LINCOLN! I declined. Dr. Blackburn, by way of caution, asked me before leaving if I had had the yellow fever? On my answering no he said "You must have a preventive against catching it. You must get some camphor and chew it, and get some strong cigars, the strongest you can get, *and be sure to wear gloves when handling the things.* When I arrived in Washington I turned over *five trunks* to W. L. Wall & Co., commission merchants. Dr. Blackburn told me that his object in having these goods disposed of *in different cities* was to *destroy the armies*, OR ANY THING THEY CAME IN CONTACT WITH! *All these goods had been* CAREFULLY INFECTED IN BERMUDA WITH YELLOW FEVER, SMALL-POX, *and other infectious diseases! The goods in valise*, WHICH WERE INTENDED FOR PRESIDENT LINCOLN, HAD BEEN INFECTED BOTH WITH YELLOW FEVER AND SMALL-POX! *I afterwards heard it had been sent to the President.* On disposing of the trunks I immediately left Washington and went to Hamilton, Canada. IN THE WAITING ROOM THERE I MET MR. HOLCOMBE AND MR. CLEMENT C. CLAY! *They both rose and shook hands with me*, AND CONGRATULATED ME ON MY SAFE RETURN! * * * * * THEY SEEMED PERFECTLY TO UNDERSTAND THE BUSINESS I HAD BEEN ENGAGED IN! *Mr. Holcombe told me Dr. Blackburn was at Montreal, and that I had better telegraph him stating that I had returned!*

And these are the men whom the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, CHARLES R. BUCKALEW, *skulks to Canada to meet and counsel!* Voters of Pennsylvania! is this the kind of man you want for the highest office in the State? Are you prepared for the disgrace of such a chief magistrate?

THE STATE DEBT.

The Monthly reductions of the State debt of Pennsylvania, for the fiscal year beginning December 1, 1871, have been, thus far, as follows:

December, 1871	$ 42,400 20
January, 1872	42,612 50
February, 1872	138,128 10
March, 1872	148,765 36
April, 1872	228,154 46
May, 1872	213,480 00
June, 1872	155,180 00
July, 1872	148,500 00
August, 1872	401,046 91
Total in nine months	$1,518,267 53

The State debt on the 1st of September, 1872, was $27,761,553 11. It has been reduced to this, says the *Evening Bulletin*, from forty-two millions, to which amount it had grown under Democratic administrations. Since General Hartranft became Auditor-General and Commissioner of the Sinking Fund, the reduction has amounted to about ten millions. It would have been reduced about three hundred thousand dollars more, but for the fraud of George O. Evans, who was appointed War Claims agent to please Col. John W. Forney, and who certainly gave the Forneys $6,000, and perhaps more. No wonder that the *Press* and all the defenders of the Evans swindle are opposed to the election of General Hartranft as Governor.

☞ "We could fill every column of our paper with announcements of Liberal Republicans coming out for Greeley."—*Monitor.*

Well, for downright baldness this beats Ananias and Sapphira. In an item preceding the above, in the same paper, it is stated that "a cool-headed correspondent, at Ripton, Vermont, writes that at least ten per cent. of the former Republicans of Vermont have gone over to Greeley, and two-tenths more are in a state of doubt." These Vermonters have been heard from. The doubtful have not remained so long, and the ten per cent. must have gone back. There is no doubt that with such stuff as this the *Monitor* could fill its columns, but it won't hold water. Come, quit your prevaricating; the *Globe* can do all of that that is necessary.

☞ Speer did his level best to defeat Mr. Blair's nomination. Now the friends of Mr. Blair will leave no stone unturned to defeat Speer! One good turn deserves another, you know!

A DEMAGOGUE FOR GOVERNOR.

In the campaign now pending in this Commonwealth, says the *North American*, Mr. Buckalew is as clearly the enemy of active capital as any man ever was. It makes no difference what demand may be made by political incendiaries, whether it be the restriction of the hours of labor to eight, or six, or four hours a day, or giving the operative a share in the profits of a concern to which he contributed not a dollar of capital, Mr. Buckalew is for it. The vote of the operative is to him of vastly more consequence than the vote of the capitalist, only for the reason that there are more oporatives than capitalists.

This is no exaggeration, for surely the man who in the midst of a tremendous war would make a merit of trebling the expense of the conflict by paying a million of soldiers in gold, regardless alike of solvency or insolvency, would have no more sense of justice or right than to play the demagogue to carry favor with a class sufficiently numerous to form an important element in the popular vote. Mr. Buckalew comes from Montour county, in the coal and iron regions of eastern Pennsylvania, and it is mainly through the influence of just such demagogues that all our troubles with the coal miners have occurred. The coal and railroad and iron manufacturing interests of this part of the country ought to bear Mr. Buckalew in mind on this account. He has worked hard to earn this distinction, and he should have the full benefit of it. Every man who burns coal may attribute a portion of the high prices he has paid to such demagogues as Buckalew. The manufacturers, who were at one time compelled to suspend operations on account of the troubles in the coal regions, may look at Mr. Buckalew as the representative man at this time of that class of dangerous demagogues whose influence led to the secret organization of the miners.

The present opportunity is a good one for business men to anminister a wholesome lesson to all this class of demagogues, to whose pernicious counsels and influence we owe so many disastrous disturbances of trade, and we sincerely trust that they will appreciate the necessity of availing themselves of it. Not merely the capitalist is interested in doing so, but all who are dependent on the regular supplies of such raw materials as coal and iron for their employment, or for the prosperity of their business, are deeply concerned. Mr. Buckalew has chosen to become the advocate of certain class interests at the expenses of all the rest of the community. If he shall be rewarded with the office of Governor for so doing, it may reasonably be expected that the example will be imitated by all who enter politics with ambitious views, and thus we shall be ruled by a policy that sacrifices the interests of the mass for the interests of a class.

We are serious in making this issue, as we believe that the prosperity of all this section of the State is involved in it. Capital has undoubtedly been driven from Pennsylvania by the unfortunately ascendency of demagogues like Buckalew. If the business men of the city vote for such a man, they ought to do it with their eyes open to the issues involved and the consequences likely to ensue. Buckalew is as dangerous a man as so indolent a man can be. If he had more energy he would do more mischief; but if elected Governor his indolence would be supplemented by the active force, vigor and industrious efforts of every agitator in the Commonwealth of his own way of thinking. And being too idle to shape things himself, he would submit to be a mere tool in the hands of others. This is the character of the man, as it has also been the character of many of the most dangerous before him.

HURRAH FOR BARKER!

Barker to be Our Next Congressman!

On the 283d ballot, on last Friday, at Cresson, Hon. A. A. Barker, of Ebensburg, was nominated for Congress, for this Congressional district. Mr. Barker is emphatically a self-made man—A MAN OF THE PEOPLE. HONEST, INDUSTRIOUS, ENERGETIC AND DESERVING. And we will elect him just as sure as the sun rises on the morning of the 8th of October next. Mr. Speer and his Democratic friends were willing to spend thousands of dollars to secure the defeat of Hon. S. S. Blair, and now every friend of Mr. Blair will turn in and work every day from now until the election to defeat Mr. Speer! We will break his head with the club he has been so anxious to prepare for us. Let the cry ring along the line, from the extreme western portion of Cambria county to the eastern extremity of Mifflin, SPEER MUST BE DEFEATED! Go to work, and keep at it until the polls close on the second Tuesday of October! Hurrah for Barker!

☞ At Bedford, the other night, they got things mixed. Our esteemed friend, Spang made a speech, in which he said he supported Greeley because Greeley had come over to the Democrats. Judge Kimmell followed Spang, and said he supported Greeley because Greeley refused to come over to the Democrats. These doctors disagree; who shall decide?

☞ The Independent-Democratic ticket does not prepossess Republicans or Democrats favorably. Both look upon it as a kind of hybrid, that is to be of no service to anybody but Mr. Speer, and that gentleman, like the Greeley business, is about "played out." There is such a thing as precocious youngsters over-shooting the mark.

☞ The downright impudence of the editor of the *Globe*, in telling Republicans what they should do in regard to their ticket, is only equalled by his setting up a ticket for the Democrats before he had been three weeks in the party. There is such a thing as over-shooting the mark.

☞ Prof. A. L. Guss assures us that he and his friends are going to work, and intend to keep at it from now until the election, to secure the election of Mr. Barker. That's the talk! The Republican party always rewards men who act manly. Go to work, Professor, and your first effort will amply repay you.

A FORMER SLAVE REPLIES TO SUMNER.

John T. Shuften, of Brunswick, Ga., who was once a slave, has written a brief letter, called forth by Senator Sumner's letter to the colored men of Washington. In it he says:

"Does Mr. Sumner suppose that the colored people south, having been made free by Providence and the war, intend to return to slavery at his bidding, or with abject and lowly submission, because he says so, pass under the yoke of humiliation as his slaves and vassals; he mistakes us when he asks it. When you consider what he has asked, and understand it in its true light and aspect, I know you cannot receive it in any other light but a direct insult to our race. Has Mr. Sumner forgotten that the Democratic party has not renounced a single principle in accepting Mr. Greeley as a suitable candidate for their party? They look upon Mr. Greeley as a tool and weapon to slay, if possible, the only party true to the Nigger in this country. The Democratic party will take Mr. Greeley and cover him with his own dirty parchment in order to keep their hands from being polluted, while they use him as a battering ram against his own party. In concluding this letter, fellow-citizens, I will say the time has not arrived yet for you to leave the old Republican party. If white men are starving for office they must get it in some other way than at the expense of your rights. While good old Gerrit Smith, William Loyd Garrison, Wilson, Colfax, Blaine, and a host of others remain, it is not meet that you should be alarmed and endanger your liberties to follow one man in his mad career and blind infatuation. Stand to the old ship that has brought you safe so far, and if we fail, we fail doing our duty to ourselves and generations to come."

☞ The Senatorial Conference to nominate candidates for delegates to the Constitutional Convention, assembled at Tyrone, on Friday last, and was organized by the appointment of Gen. G. F. McCoy, of Mifflin, as President, and S. D. Gray, of Centre, as Secretary. The following Conferees were in attendance: Jno. R. Garver, G. F. McCoy and H. J. Culvertson, of Mifflin; J. Hoffman, J. J. Patterson and J. Balsbach, of Juniata; J. G. Johnston, W. Shortledge and S. D. Gray, of Centre, and G. W. Johnston, J. W. Mattern and Dr. H. Orlady, of Huntingdon. The following candidates were placed in nomination: Dr. Jno. McCullough, Huntingdon; A. O. Furst, Center; D. W. Woods, Mifflin, and Dr. J. P. Sterrett, of Juniata. On the seventh ballot, Messrs. McCullouch and Sterrett were nominated and their nominations made unanimous. The nominees are excellent men, and ought both to be elected.

☞ The New York *Tribune*, as we foretold, says the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, thinks the West Virginia election of no political significance, as both the candidates for Governor were Democrats, "and both supporters of the Cincinnati and Baltimore ticket." This is a dishonest statement. Both Camden and Jacob are Democrats, but the former was the Liberal Democratic candidate, and received the support of Greeley's friends and was terribly beaten. Jacob was voted for by the Independent Democrats and Grant Republicans, and was elected. He is not for the Cincinnati-Baltimore ticket and platform, and, it is believed, favors the straight-out ticket at Louisville. There is just this "political significance" in the election, namely, that the Greeley candidate, Camden, was effectually defeated, and that West Virginia does not hold out any promise to the mongrel ticket for November, and this the *Tribune* might as well acknowledge without further misrepresentation.

☞ All the Democratic papers, from Greeley's *Tribune*, up and down, are blowing over the acquisition of the Huntingdon, Pa., *Globe*, to the fusion cause. They represent it as having been an old and influential Republican paper! Nothing is further from the truth. It has been a dead weight to the Republican party, in that county for years, and the Republicans of old Huntingdon county would be justified in holding a grand jubilee over its departure to its native elements. The greeley-Democracy make a big blow over very small things, and this aquisition of the Huntingdon *Globe* is one of the very smallest.—*Urbana (O.) Gazette.*

☞ NINE MILLION NINETY-FIVE THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND FORTY FOUR DOLLARS AND THIRTY CENTS. Tax-payers, that is the amount Hartranft struck off the State debt since he has been at the head of the auditing department. Is such a man fit for your votes and confidence? If you appreciate honest service it will not take you long to answer this question and while Hartranft was thus reducing the State debt, Buckalew contented himself by drawing several thousand dollars as extra compensation as State Senator.—*State Journal.*

☞ The *Globe* is very much exercised because Mr. Hare is a candidate. It sets up a terrible howl because he, three years ago, voted against a portion of the Republican ticket, as if the gentlemen whom it calls upon to defeat him had never done the like. That little matter, you know, was squared, and nobody wants to open a new account.

☞ The "Straighout Democratic Convention" which assembled in Louisville, on the 3d inst., nominated Charles O'Conner, of New York, for President, and John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, for Vice President. They have not accepted yet.

☞ Mr. Speer is very much annoyed because we have exposed the fact that he has promised the post-office to several parties. This kind of policy does not win very often, as Mr. Speer will learn before he is much older.

☞ The "Upper End" sends greeting to the "Lower End," and says that they will meet them on last fall's vote and go one hundred better for Barker! What says the "Lower End?"

☞ The Public Debt Statement for August, 1872, shows a reduction, during that month, of $10,736,635.89. Hurrah for Grant!

☞ The "honest men without rings in their nose," spoken of by the *Globe*, belong to the Speer, Lewis & Co. ring. They are not marked in that way.

☞ The Republican party of Huntingdon county intends to resent the officious intermeddling of Mr. Speer. Work and vote for Barker!

☞ The question is universally asked: "Is Buckalew in favor of Greeley?" A few Liberals would like to know, you know!

☞ Quite a curiosity—That check of Mr. Speer's! Have you seen it?

☞ The gentlemen who have heretofore acted with the Republican party, but who at present make up, in part, the Independent-Democratic ticket, might have been elected to fill some positions of honor and profit, had they remained faithful to the Republicans, but they are now outside of that organization and they have consequently, blighted their prospects for years to come. Harris Richardson was defeated three years ago, but he received a nomination last fall and his majority was almost equal to any other candidate. Their turn would have come eventually, but they have very unwisely listened to the wily flattery of Speer, and they must put up with the consequences of their folly.

☞ Mr. Barker's nomination is looked upon as a triumph of Mr. Woods and his friends. This is conceded. Now, then, we are authorized to say by those who opposed Mr. Barker's nomination, that the districts of the county controlled by them will give him a larger majority, in the aggregate, in comparison with their vote of last fall, than those controlled by Mr. Barker's immediate friends. Here's a chance, and we haven't a particle of doubt that the Chairman of the County Committee will present the district, polling the largest gain on last fall's vote, with a handsome banner. Mr. Speer must be beaten! Hurrah for Barker!

☞ We learn that Mr. Speer denounces the Labor Reform movement in the severest terms. He says he has no sympathy for it. Of course not. Mr. Speer has no sympathy for the Laboring Man. Remember this, you who earn your bread by the sweat of your face when you come to vote, and vote for Mr. Barker, whose horny hands tell you that he is one of you and that he has spent a life of toil. Vote for Barker!

☞ The last *Globe* goes for the Labor Reformers again. The Laboring Men receive no encouragement from that locality.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. and, Vend Exp. to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Court House, in Huntingdon, on MONDAY, September 30, 1872, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All of Defendant's right, title and interest in a certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Mapleton, Huntingdon county, Pa., fronting on Sand street 66 feet and extending back 180 to a ridge, containing one and a fourth acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a two story Log House, stable and other outbuildings, and now occupied by defendant.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John S. Henderson.

ALSO—All of Defendaut's right, title and interest in a certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon, fronting on 4th street 50 feet and extending back 100 feet more or less, bounded on the east by grave yard, on the west by 4th street, on the north by grave yard and on the south by lot of Miles Price, having erected thereon a three story Frame House.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Anna Hazzard.

ALSO—All of Defendant's right, title and interest in a certain tract of land, situated in Union township, Huntingdon county, Pa., bounded on the east by lands of James M'Conahy, on the north by lands of Ephraim Thompson and Robert U. Jacob, on the west by lands of Robert Parker, on the south partly by a ridge, containing 131 acres, more or less, having thereon erected a two story frame planked house, stable frame and seat of a water mill, new mill and other outbuildings and now occupied by Homer Neice.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John S. Downing.

ALSO—All of Defendant's right, title and interest in a certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Mt. Union, fronting on Jefferson street 120 feet and on Water street 50 feet, and bounded north west by lot of Charles M'Nallis, south by lot of Mrs. Ram, having thereon erected a large two story frame weatherboard store and dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Peter Shaver, jr.

☞ Bidders will take notice that 20 per cent. of the purchase money must be paid when the property is knocked down, or it will be put up again for sale. AMON HOUCK,

Sheriff's Office, } [Sheriff.
Huntingdon, Sept, 11, '72.

$100 REWARD for a case of Neuralgia or Rheumatism of any form whatever, (considered curable) that *Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup* will not cure—warranted uninjurious, and a physician's prescription sent to us gratuitously.

Five thousand dollars reward offered to the proprietors of any Medicine for Rheumatism and Neuralgia able to produce one-fourth as many genuine living cures made within the same length of time as Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rhumatic Remedy.

Two thousand dollars reward offered to any person proving Jos. P. Fitler, M. D. to be other than a graduate of the celebrated University of Pennsylvania in 1853, and Professor of Chemistry—treating Rheumatism specially for 30 years.

One thousand dollars reward to any Chemist, Physician, or others able to discover Iodide of Potassa, Colchicum, Mercury, or anything injurious to the system in Dr. Fitler's Rhumatic Syrup.

Twenty-eight thousand five hundred certificates or testimonials of cure, including Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pennsylvania; Rev. Joseph Bezes, Falls of Schuylkill, Philadelphia; the wife of Rev. J. B. Davis, Hightstown, New Jersey; Rev. Thomas Murphy, Frankford, Philadelphia, and thousands of others, if space permitted.

Two hundred and fifty dollars reward for the name of any warranted preparation for Rheumatism and Neuralgia sold under a similar legal guarantee, setting forth the exact number of bottles to cure or return the amount paid for same in case of failure to cure. A full description of cases requiring guaranties must be forwarded by letter to Philadelphia. The guarantee, signed and stating quantity of cures, will be returned by mail, with advice and instructions, without any charge. Address all letters to DR. FITLER, No. 45 South 4th street. No other Remedy is offered on such terms. Get a circular on the various forms of Rheumatism, also Blank aplications for guarantees, gratis of the special agent, JOHN READ, Huntingdon, Pa. [sept.11,'72-1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, living in Jackson township, near M'Alevy's Fort, on the estate of Margaret Mitchell, late of said township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement.

JAMES M. STEWART,
Sept.11'72-6t.*] Executor.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Andrew Heifner, late of Walker township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement. BENJAMIN HEIFNER,
T. W. MONTGOMERY,
Sept.11,1872. Executors.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The unndersigned has been appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the money in the hands of Daniel M'Garvey, trustee, to sell the real estate of Abram Hagie, late of Tell township, deceased, and will meet the parties interested therein at his office, 111, 3d street, Huntingdon, Pa., for that purpose, on Thursday, the 3d day of October next, at one o'clock, p. m. D. CALDWELL,
Sept.11,1872-3t.] Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned has been appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the money in the hands of Daniel McGarvey, trustee, appointed by the Court aforesaid to sell the real estate of John Hagie, late of Tell township, deceased, and will meet the parties interested at his office, No. 111 Third street, Huntingdon, Pa., for the purpose, on Thursday, the 3d day of October next, at two o'clock, P. M.
D. CALDWELL,
Sept. 11, 1872-3t Auditor.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
No. 513 Market Street, Philadelphia.

We have opened for the FALL TRADE, the largest and best assorted stock of

PHILADELPHIA CARPETS,

Table, Stair and Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Paper, Carpet Chain, Cotton, Yarn, Batting, Wadding, Twines, Wicks, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Fancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Buckets, Brushes, Clothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware,

In the United States.

Our large increase in busines enables us to sell at low prices, and furnish the best quality of Goods.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
CELEBRATED AMERICAN WASHER,
Price $5.50.

THE MOST PERFECT AND SUCCESSFUL WASHER EVER MADE.

Agents wanted for the AMERICAN WASHER in all parts of the State.
Sept.4,'72-3mo.

New Advertisements.

L. R. NORTON,
Dealer in
PIANOS.
AND STATE AGENT
For the celebrated
JEWETT & GOODMAN ORGAN,
118 Smithfield Street,
Opposite New City Hall,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
(Send for Illustrated Catalogue.)
Aug 28, 1872-1m.

WANTED—A good BEAMS-MAN at the Mapleton Tannery. WM. H. REX.
August 21, 1872-tf.

Election Proclamation.

[GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.]

PROCLAMATION.—NOTICE OF GENERAL ELECTION

TO BE HELD ON

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1872.

Pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, Anno Domini, 1839, I, AMON HOUCK, High Sheriff of the county of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Huntingdon, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of October, (being the 8th day of OCTOBER,) at which time the following officers will be elected:

One Person for the office of Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for the office of Supreme Judge of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for the office of Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Three Persons for the offices of Congressmen-at-Large to represent the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the Congress of the United States.

Twenty-eight Persons for the offices of Delegates-at Large to the Constitutional Convention of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for the office of Congress to represent Cambria, Blair, Huntingdon and Mifflin counties in the Congress of the United States.

Three Persons for the offices of Delegates to the Constitutional Convention, to represent the counties of Centre, Huntingdon, Mifflin and Juniata, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for the office of Assembly, to represent the county of Huntingdon in the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for the office of Prothonotary of Huntingdon county.

One Person for the office of Register and Recorder of Huntingdon county.

One Person for the office of District Attorney of Huntingdon county.

One Person for the office of County Commissioner of Huntingdon county.

One Person for the office of Director of the Poor of Huntingdon county.

One Person for the office of Auditor of Huntingdon county.

In pursuance of said Act, I also hereby make known and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several election districts within the said county of Huntingdon, are as follows, to wit:

1st district, composed of the borough of Huntingdon, on the third day after the day of election, being for the present year on FRIDAY, the 11th of OCTOBER, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges. Also, that where a judge by sickness, unavoidable casualty or accident, is unable to attend such meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken in charge by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of said district, and shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

2d district, composed of Dublin township, at Pleasant Hill School House, near Joseph Nelson's in said township.

3d district, composed of so much of Warriorsmark township, as is not included in the 19th district, at the School House, adjoining the town of Warriorsmark.

4th district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at the house of Levi Houpt, in said township.

5th district, composed of the township of Barree, at the house of James Livingston, in the town of Saulsburg, in said township.

6th district, composed of the borough of Shirleysburg and all that part of the township of Shirley not included within the limits of district No. 24, as hereinafter mentioned and described, at the house of David Fraker, dec'd., in Shirleysburg.

7th district, composed of Porter and part of Walker tp. and so much of West township as is included in following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Tobias Kaufman's farm on the bank of the Little Juniata River, to the lower end of Jackson's Narrows, thence in a northwesterly direction to the most southerly part of the farm owned by Michael Maguire, thence north forty degrees west to the top of Terrace mountain to intersect the line of Franklin township, thence along the said line to Little Juniata River, thence down the same to the place of beginning, at the Public School House opposite the German Reformed Church, in the borough of Alexandria.

8th district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house of George W. Mattern, in said township.

9th district, composed of Tell township, at the Union School House, near the Union Meeting House, in said township.

10th district, composed of Springfield township, at the school house, near Hugh Madden's, in said township.

11th district, composed of Union township, at Grant School house, in the borough of Mapleton, in said township.

12th district, composed of Brady township, at the Centre School house, in said township.

13th district, composed of Morris township, at public school house No. 2, in said township.

14th district, composed of that part of West township not included in 5th and 20th districts, at the public school house on the farm now owned by Miles Lewis, [formerly owned by James Ennis,] in said township.

15th district, composed of Walker township, at the house of Benjamin Meghy, in M'Connellstown.

16th district, composed of the township of Tod, at Green school house, in said township.

The Huntingdon Journal.

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 11, 1872.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

MEETINGS.

Mr. Moriah Lodge, No. 300, A. Y. M., meets second Monday evening of each month, in Brown's building.

Standing Stone H. R. A. Chapter No. 201, meets the first Tuesday evening of each month, in Brown's building.

Juniata Lodge, No. 317, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening, third floor, Leister's building.

Mount Hor Camp of I. O. O F., meets every second and fourth Tuesdays, third floor, Leister's building.

Arrapahoe Tribe, No. 68, I O. of R. M., meets every Thursday evening, third floor, Leister's building.

Young Men's Christian Association meets the first and third Monday evenings of each month, in Smith's building.

Post 25, G. A. R., meets third Monday of each month in Court House.

Town Council meets the first Friday evening of each month.

Huntingdon Lodge, No. 149, K. of P., meets every Saturday evening, in Smith's building.

Huntingdon Temple of Honor, No. 71, meets the fourth Monday of each month in Good Templar's Hall.

The Wesperian Club meets every Thursday evening, in the Y. M. C. A. room.

Huntingdon Council, O. U. A. M., meets first and third Tuesdays of each month in Good Templar's Hall.

CHURCHES.

Baptist Church—Washington street. Rev. J. W. Plannett. Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

Catholic—Washington street. Rev. P. B O'Halloran. Services first three Sundays in every month.

Evangelical Lutheran—Mifflin street. Rev. J. J. Kerr. Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

German Reformed—Church street. Rev. S. D. Steckle. services on Sabbath: 7 p. m,

Methodist Episcopal—Church street. Rev. M. K. Foster. ervices on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal—Hill street. No Pastor.

Presbyterian—Hill street. Rev. G. W. Zahniser. Services on Sabbath: 11 a. m., 7 p. m.

Brief Mention--Home-Made and Stolen

Foggy mornings.

Extremely hot days.

Subscribe for the Journal.

Lookout for "Juniata shakes."

Mifflintown has the chicken cholera.

Our Barker has scared the Speer-its.

Summer tourists are homeward bound.

Massey's house approaches completion.

Extend the circulation of the Journal.

Hurrah for Barker, a man of the people!

Coal merchants did a brisk trade last week.

They have a toll-railway bridge at Lewistown.

The *Globe* of last week had a little *Speer*-it in it.

Every Republican in the county should take the Journal.

That little check has put a check on Speer's prospects.

The Coleman sisters drew good houses last week.

Wanted—A couple of loads of good kindling wood.

No complimentary votes, mind! Especially for Speer!

Summer boarders have all gone from Broad Top City.

The pavements in the Diamond are being widened.

Paul Shœppe has been tried again and acquitted.

All wide-awake business men advertise in the Journal.

The Orbisonia branch railroad has been put under contract.

Hon. John Scott spoke at Waynesburg and Somerset last week.

Our columns are very much crowded with advertisements.

Mr. John Whiteside is the champion woodsawist of Dudley.

The Greeley business is played and the Democrats don't care a snuff.

Moore, the Cambria county wife-butcher, has been sentenced to be hung.

A lock-up, containing three departments, has been built in the engine house.

Chattanooga has a two-legged goat.—*Exchange*. Huntingdon has lots of 'em.

Mrs. Brainerd, it is reported, takes her husband's place on the Tyrone *Herald*.

A wreck down the road, on last Saturday, detained the mail for a couple of hours.

Quite a violent thunder and rain storm visited this bailiwick on Thursday night.

A Democrat wants to know which is Mr. Speer's organ—the *Monitor* or the *Globe*?

Blair is converting a portion of the old Lininger property into a first class store room.

A Greeley and Buckalew club was formed, at Yenter's Hall, on last Saturday evening.

The Council has thrown a tub to the whale in the suspension of the Street Commissioner.

The Huntingdon Light Infantry, we are informed, are going to adopt the Zouave uniform.

The County Fair is approaching rapidly. It will be held on the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th of October.

We saw the handsome phiz of our Quaker city friend, Alec. Cunningham, on our streets, the other day.

Hon. John Scott, Gen. Allen, Hon. Stockett Matthews and Gen. Williamson spoke at Bedford last week.

Mt. Union is growing very rapidly. Won't somebody give us the local news from that locality weekly?

We understand the members of the Silver Cornet Band, of this place, are about purchasing new uniforms.

The illuminated dials on the clock are of no earthly use two or three squares away, as at present illuminated.

Over, of the Hollidaysburg *Register*, passed through town the other day. He goes strong for Barker to beat the intermeddler.

Scarlet fever again tries to thin out the population of Broad Top. This time it has made Dudley its base of operations.

Mr. Kennedy and wife and J. E. Smucker, Esq., all of this place, are off to the West on a visit. Good fortune attend them.

We have secured the services of a first-class jobber, and are better than ever prepared to do all kinds of plain and fancy printing.

A young man killed up the Susquehanna, by a derick, name d Kyler, was buried here, by the Odd Fellows, one day last week.

The meeting, in the Court House, on last Thursday evening was one of the most enthusiastic and effective meetings of the campaign.

The Senatorial Conference, of the Bedford district, has adjourned without making a nomination. It assembles in a few days again.

Some prohibitionist is very much put out because we did not advertise their organ. Thank you! We are not doing that kind of business.

The sewer is completed. Before another is attempted we hope that some body will be selected to superintend it that will understand the business.

The repairs on the M. E. Church, in this place, are approaching completion. The building, both inside and outside, has been very much beautified.

The County Committee Meeting, on the 6th instant, was a very harmonious affair. Everybody expressed his readiness to go to work.—Organize! Organize!

The ladies of a neighboring town are forming an anti-speak-evil-of-your-neighbor-society. A similar organization could be started in this place with advantage.

In a western town, the other day, a wasp stung a woman, since which time her tongue has been paralized. *That* wasp would be a benefit in this neighborhood.

Owing to a misplaced switch, at Mt. Dallas, the mail, on Broad Top, one day last week, went off the track slightly injuring the engineer and fireman. No serious damage.

Hon. John Cessna was nominated for Congress by the conferees of Somerset, Bedford and Fulton. The conferees of Adams and Franklin refused to participate.

Gen. Allen, the Republican candidate for Auditor General, passed through town, on his way to and from Bedford, last week. He reports the State sure for the whole Republican ticket.

A gentleman from Mt. Union remarked to us, the other day, that they would build the East Broad Top railroad in less time than it took to lay the Fifth street sewer. Shouldn't wonder.

Now is the time to advertise, and the place to do it is in the columns of the Journal, as its circulation is over a third more than any other paper in the county, while its terms are reasonable.

John A. Port lost his dog "Sooner"—would sooner eat than do anything else—the other night. He died of distember, and his remains were interred with considerable "pomp and circumstance."

The complimentary vote business is at a discount. The Republican who votes a complimentary vote this fall, and creates a doubt as to who may be elected, will be extremely short sighted, to say the least.

Tickets will be printed at this office as soon as we can conveniently print them, and the expense apportioned among the respective candidates, with a slight additional charge for advertising and services. tf.

County Superintendent M'Neil held an examination, at Coalmont, on the 31st ult. Three applicants were examined, and eleven schools to be supplied. Stray teachers desiring schools had better go to Broad Top.

A campaign hammer for "nailing lies" would sell well.—*Mifflintown Democrat*.

We know of no person more in need of an instrument of this kind than the editor of the *Democrat*, for that paper is somewhat noted for its barefaced political falsehoods.

The citizens of Lewistown are building a splendid common school building. There is some modern architecture about it. Beside the chicken-coop, on Mt. Despair, in this place, it would seem an enchanted palace! Happy little folks of Lewistown!

The new bridge over the Raystown Branch, at Stonerstown, is in course of erection. It looks vastly more safe to travel over than the old structure, which, its trestling, spans and piers having all been removed, now exists only in history.

A playcard, over the entrance to the Lewistown bridge, indicates that a penalty of five dollars will be imposed for riding or driving faster than a walk. We saw an engine with a train of cars pass over at the rate of fifteen miles an hour. The iron horse is not taken into account.

Dr. J. G. Camp, well known to many of our citizens as an excellent dentist and a most worthy son of Stone Valley, has entered into a partnership with Dr. W. B. Miller to prosecute their profession of Dentistry in Altoona. We hope that the good citizens of that place will bestow a liberal patronage upon them.

Thomas M'Carthy, of Dudley, was annoyed by bad little boys. To excite terror in the district he kept, hanging up in his shoe-shop, an Allen's "pepper box" revolver. Being interested in the subject of revolvers, he tried a Sharp's four shooter, which promptly responded to a pull upon the trigger by putting a No. 22 ball through his left hand. The wound is rapidly healing but Mr. M. takes no more stock in four-shooters.

News of the Neighborhood.—

Bedford Springs will close about the 15th. There are still about seventy visitors at the place.

The new iron bridge across the Raystown Branch, at the foot of Richard st., Bedford, is rapidly being completed.

Barnacle who shot McFeeley, at St. Augustine, is under $2,000 bail—and McFeeley will probably get well.

The steamer Juniata has again been put into active service and now plies between Williamsburg and Huntingdon.

Casper Reacy's apple orchard, near Martinsburg, Blair county, is supposed to contain three thousand bushels of apples.

For the second time within two months, little Susie Coaes, of Altoona, fell and broke her arm—the same on both occasions.

Look over the columns of your local paper before visiting the merchants. If a man has a good article he will bring it before the public by advertising.

Horse thieves are operating successfully in our neighboring counties. Our farmer friends should see that their horses are securely freed from the depredations of these midnight prowlers.

Mr. Allen Burley, the gentleman who had a horse stolen from his stable in east Altoona last week, succeeded in recovering the animal. He had been taken to Roaring Spring, at which place Mr. B. found him, loose in the woods, some days after.

A Cambria City boy tried to steal his way into the circus at Johnstown and crawled under the menagerie tent. It was just his luck to get up immediately in front of the tent containing the tiger, and that animal reached for him, cutting an ugly gash in his head.

During the thunderstorm of the night of the 21st, the dwelling house of John H. Whitehead, west end of Bratton township, Mifflin county, was struck by lightning, shattering sundry windows, mirrors, &c., stunning Mr. W. while in the act of closing the windows. A man in bed in the house was also stunned.

On Monday morning last, on the hill in Snake Springs, near Bedford, a horse attached to a buggy, which contained Mr. M. D. Barndollar and a Mr. Magraw, became frightened and ran off. Mr. B. jumped out receiving injuries on his hand and arms, and Mr. M. went overboard, the buggy following in the wake. Mr. M. we understand was considerably injured.

Foster M. Henry, aged about 50 years, residing in the mountains up at New Lancaster, Mifflin county, brought down a load of shingles, and in returning towards home on Saturday night laid down at the Central Lime Co's kiln, between Honey creek and Naginey's stations, and was suffocated by the noxious gas, being found dead on Sunday morning.

On Saturday night a drove of cattle belonging to N. A. Elder and George Reynolds broke out of a field on the farm of the late R. C. Gallaher, adjoining Mifflintown, and strayed across the river to the railroad where 13 of them were killed by the cars, before morning dawned. This is a serious loss to Messrs. Elder & Reynolds. They intended shipping the cattle to the eastrrn market in a few days.

The following Agencies have been established on the Bedford Division:—*Bedford*, Alfred Fulton, Freight Agent J. G. Miller, Ticket Agent; *Wolfsburg*, David Wolf, Passenger and Second-class Freight Agent; *Napier*, G. W. Gump, Second-class Freight Agent; *Mann's Choice*, Adam Dennis, Passenger and Second-class Freight Agent; *Buffalo Mills*, M. C. Miller, Passenger and Second-class Freight Agent; *Bridgeport*, Charles C. Irwin, Passenger and second-class Freight Agent.

On Saturday evening last, Chief of Police Westbrook, of Altoona, arrested George Riffle on a charge of disturbing the Republican meeting at the wigwam, by shouting for Greeley. He was taken before the Mayor, (followed by a large crowd, composed of both parties, all anxious to see what would come of it,) when bail was promptly entered for his appearance on Monday. As this was the first arrest for such offence that had been made, the Mayor, at the hearing, refused to enforce the penalty prescribed by law, and discharged the prisoner after reading him a lecture on the disreputableness of such conduct.

An exchange says, the prize offered to the Supervisor making the best mile of track on the Pennsylvania railroad, was awarded to Mr. Samuel Dobson, a Supervisor on the Pittsburg Division, whose plan of construction will be adopted for the contemplated improvements.

On Tuesday morning of last week as Mr. Wm. Kidd, of Tuscarora township, Juniata county, was leading his horse, attached to a new buggy, across the railroad at the warehouse in Patterson, the horse became frightened at the cars, ran away, smashed the buggy and threw Mr. K. against an embankment hurting him seriously.

The Reading *Gazette* says a man purporting to represent a mercantile house in Philadelphia, has been traveling in a buggy through Berks county, and selling steel pens to storekeepers, and offering as an inducement to send the purchaser wrapping paper with their advertisement printed thereon. There is no business house that he states, and he never sends the paper to his customers. He will probable come around here, and we advise our merchants to be on their guard.

Dr. James Henry, of Bloody Run, met with an accident on Thursday evening, which has been the cause of his confinement to the house ever since. After visiting one of his patients on Spring st., he turned to leave the house by the front door. Several boards had been misplaced in the porch floor, of which fact the Doctor was not aware. As a consequence he fell through, a distance of five or six feet. Being quite aged, the fall considerably jarred his system, and he has been suffering more or less inconvenience ever since.

Last Saturday evening, a week ago, Mr. John O. Smith, of Bedford, was accidentally shot in the leg by the careless handling of a pistol in the hands of Marion Cessna. The wound though slight, might have proved fatal. This is another warning to persons in the habit of carrying loaded fire arms. The number of boys who carry deadly weapons in this town, and make no effort at concealment, is very large. It is a wonder that we have had this far no first-class sensational shooting locals to report.

The dedication of the Republican wigwam on Eleventh avenue, Altoona, took place on Saturday evening 31st inst. The orators of the evening were Hon. Wayne MacVeigh, of Harrisburg, Capt. A. W. Norris of Philadelphia, and Prof. Farr, of Reading. The wigwam which is claimed to hold fifteen hundred persons, was filled to overflowing, while a large number of persons failed to gain admission. Everything passed off pleasantly, with the exception of a few boys, who kept up a bellowing outside of the wigwam, much to the annoyance of those inside.

On and after September 2d, the Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., take charge of the Express Business, in all its details, on its road and branches and make direct connection with the western express for New York City and State, Eastern States, Canadas, &c., at greatly reduced rates. Orders for articles to be returned by express, will be carried, free of charge, and delivered promptly. Telegrams ordering shipments by express forwarded over the Philadelphia, Reading & Pottsville lines at half rates.

The Election Laws of Penna.—Under the authority of a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, Hon. Francis Jordan, Secretary of the Commonwealth, digested and arranged, with notes and judicial decisions, the Election Laws of the State of Pennsylvania several years ago, and the expediency of such a step was universally approved; now a second edition bringing the laws and decisions down to the year 1872, inclusive, is about to be issued by B. Singerly, State Printer, at one dollar per single copy, and ten dollars for twelve copies. It ought to be in the hands of everybody who take any interest in elections.

Our Foreign Trade in Musical Instruments.—Few people are aware of the extent of our foreign trade in musical instruments.

Geo. Woods & Co., of Boston, for whose celebrated organs Mr. E. J. Greene, of this place, is agent, have agencies in all the principal cities of Great Britain and the demand from that country is now very large, orders being received from there every week by mail and cable. Labor is cheaper in the old country than here, but all the improvements made by the above named house being patented abroad as well as this country, the English manufacturers have been unable to produce anything that would at all compare with these remarkable instruments.

A Splendid Rally—A Most Enthusiastic and Telling Speech—The Republicans Alive.—It having been ascertained that Gen. Charles Albright, of Mauch Chunk, one of the Republican candidates for Congressman-at-large, would be here, on his way to Williamsport, a call was issued for a meeting to be held, in the Court House, on Thursday evening, the 5th instant, and at the appointed hour a large number of our citizens, preceded by the Silver Cornet Band, proceeded to the Court House, and were called to order by the selection of K. Allen Lovell, Esq., as Chairman, and Dr. S. L. McCarthy, of Mill Creek, and J. R. Durborrow, as Secretaries.

Mr. Lovell introduced Gen. Albright in a neat and appropriate manner, and the General, after the applause subsided, proceeded to review the issue involved in the campaign in a clear and forcible manner, carrying conviction to the minds of all who desired to hear. It was one of those speeches which appeals to the reason and sound judgment of the voter, entirely free from any slang or blackguardism. His arraignment of Buckalew was simply unanswerable. The speech occupied about two hours in delivery, and was listened to and applauded to the echo throughout. We predict that the General will be pleased with the vote he will receive in "Old Mother Huntingdon." After the conclusion of the General's speech, Mr. Scott was called out and made a most capital little speech, winding up with a laughable and timely anecdote, which brought down the house. Huntingdon is alive! Friends throughout the county, wake up! Get up School House meetings. Speakers will be furnished at any time. Work for the whole ticket!

Dr. Wengerr's world renowned *Mountain Herb Bitters* contain no ingredient, having deleterious effects on the system prolific of evil results and so baneful to the invalid as many preparations labelled "Tonics," "Appertizers" &c., that are composed of refused Alcohol *mean* Whiskey, rum, gin, &c., and which almost invariably create an insatiable appetite for *strong drink*, and lead the victim, step by step, to that yawning gulf that awaits and speedily devours him. On the contrary, they are composed of pure and simple herbs, taken from Nature's great and bountiful garden, possessing too, that healthgiving principle, and great virtue common to no other medicine, and calculated to restore to the blood its original and natural purity. Fever and Ague give way to this great remedy, as chaff to the whirlwind. Test its virtue. For sale everywhere.

Perhaps no real medicine ever gained the rapid popularity which Castoria has done. One person relates their experience of its good effects to another. It is a vegetable preparation, perfectly harmless, pleasant to take; does not distress or gripe, but regulates the system, and is sure to operate when all other remedies have failed. Any person who has ever used Castoria for Stomach Ache, Constipation, Croup, Flatulency, Worms, Piles, or deranged Liver, will never again use nauseating Oil, Bitter Pills or Narcotic Syrups. The Castoria contains neither Minerals, Morphine nor Alcohol. By its soothing, quieting effect it produces natural sleep, and is particularly adapted to crying and teething children. It costs but 35 cents, and one bottle will save many dollars in doctor's bills. sept.11-4t

Meeting of the Republican County Committee.—Pursuant to call, the Republican County Committee of Huntingdon county, met in the Court House, at 1 P. M., on Friday, the 6th instant, and was called to order by the Chairman, A. Tyhurst, Esq.

Dr. A. R. McCarthy, of Carbon, and B. Tarring Stevens, of Three Springs, were elected Secretaries.

After remarks by Messrs. Simpson, Glasgow, Lovell, and others, upon the importance of a thorough, active and energetic canvass of every district of the county, so as to bring out a full and true Republican vote at the coming elections, and of the best methods of accomplishing so desirable an end, it was, on motion of Mr. Lovell, decided to hold local meetings during the campaign in different parts of the county, at such places as may by this Committee be selected, and at such times as may be decided upon by the Chairman of the County Committee.

On motion, it was agreed to hold a mass meeting at Huntingdon, on the evening of the second day (Wednesday, Oct. 2) of the County Fair.

Perfect harmony prevailed in the meeting; and all the members present left for their homes with a determination to leave nothing undone to secure a Republican victory. Encouraged by the favorable reports brought in from every part of the county, all seemed to believe that old Huntingdon will roll up a large majority for our County and State ticket in October, and help to insure a national Republican victory in November. Adjourned.

A. TYHURST, Chairman.

A. R. McCarthy, }
R. T. Stevens, } Secretaries.

The Bumgardner Case.—*Editor Journal*:—A letter appeared in your columns, a short time ago, under the signature of James Condron, which contained a remark, in reference to the undersigned, calculated to mislead and cause false impressions. With your consent, Mr. Editor, I propose to give a brief statement of the facts. Just before the *post mortem* examination referred to, Mr. Hinchman invited me to attend. In a few minutes I proceeded to the spot and found Dr. Thompson of Scottsville present, who had been summoned to assist by Mr. Hinchman the day previous. At the instant when all was ready, I was unexpectedly requested also to participate. The anterior surface of the chest and abdomen were inspected while the body was yet in the coffin, no marks of violence being found, it was intimated that no fatal injury could be inflicted on the back, and that decomposition was too far advanced to detect any internal lesion. At my suggestion, however, the body was turned out of the coffin, examined posteriorly, and the chest and abdomen opened, exposing the internal parts to view. The head was examined by feeling over the scalp with the fingers, by moving it to and fro, ann finally by giving it a twisting motion which elicited a grating, snapping, cracking sound, characteristic of the rubbing together of fractured edges of bones. This was about the extent of the examination, and as I was only an accidental participant, I, of course, felt a delicacy in suggesting anything further. At the request of the other physicians, but not without some hesitancy I signed the report, and up to this time had scarcely a thought that I was sharing the responsibility in the affair. Soon after this I went to dinner, and while there the conviction irresistibly grew upon me that the examination revealed nothing upon which to base the statement in the report, viz: "He died from a natural cause—from over exertion." That the noise produced by twisting the head was almost conclusive evidence of fracture of the base of the skull; that I had no right to stake my reputation; but that a modification of opinion based upon a moments reflection, was entirely justifiable under the circumstances. Accordingly I proceeded directly from the dinner table to inform the coroner of my intention to erace my name from the report. On my way I met Judge Clarkson and told him about it. He replied that I could have my name erased at any time before the final closing up of the matter. Thus I left the matter rest until the jury again met, when I appeared before them and requested that my name be stricken off. They objected to this, but gave me the privilege of making a statement. Although this statement was made a week after the examination, it was founded on a change of opinion that occured within an hour after the report was signed. Now Mr. Condron is quite ill traveling out of the road of a regular physician, I am content, for the time being, to be called a quack.

Isaac Guss.

Cassville, Sept. 4, 1872.

How to Go West.—This is an inquiry which every one should have *truthfully* answered before he starts on his journey, and a little care taken in examination of Routes will in many cases save much trouble, time and money.

The "C. B. & Q. R. R." running from Chicago, through Galesburg to Burlington, and the "I. B. & W. Route," running from Indianapolis, through Bloomington to Burlington, have achieved a splendid reputation in the last two years as the leading Passenger Routes to the West. At Burlington they connect with the B. & M. R. R. and form the great Burlington Route, which runs direct through Southern Iowa to Nebraska and Kansas, with close connections to California and the Territories; and passengers starting from Huntingdon county, on their way westward, cannot do better than to take the Burlington Route.

This Line has published a pamphet called "How to go West," which contains much valuable information; a large correct map of the Great West, which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the General Passenger Agent, B. & M. R. R. Burlington, Iowa.

Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad—*Report of Coal Shipped:* TONS,

For the week ending Sept. 7, 1872	6,064
Same date last year	3,422
Increase for week	2,642
Decrease for week	
Shipped for the year 1872	206,346
Same date last year	227,141
Decrease for year 1872	20,79

List of Patents issued from the United States Patent Office, to Pennsylvania Inventors, for the week ending August 6, 1872, and each bearing that date. Furnished this paper by Cox & Cox, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C.

Its no use, the poisonous hair preparations have had their day and done their mischief. Now comes along NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, a perfectly clear article, which restores gray hair and keeps the head in a healty condition. See advertisement. [Sep11-2.

The place for fine Confections, Notions, Toys, Jewelery, &c., is at D. Africa's, one door west of D. P. Gwin's store. Also, Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda Water in season. [apr.10-6mos.

E. M. Africa has just received, in addition to her large stock of Millinery Goods, a fine assortment of Linen Switches, Chignons and Curls. Also, a new style of Fans.

Marriages.

CONFER—EBERLE.—On the 15th ult., at the residence of the bride's parents, near Williamsburg, Blair county, Pa., by the Rev. J. N. Unruck, Mr. George W. Confer, of Scotch Valley, to Miss Irene Eberle, formerly of Shaver's Creek, Huntingdon county, Pa.

LEWIS—CLARKSON.—On the 3d inst., at the residence of the bride's father, in Cassville, by Rev. B. F. Clarkson, of the Baltimore Conference, assisted by Rev. G. W. Dunlap, Mr. R. M. Lewis, of Altoona, Pa., to Miss Ida Clarkson, daughter of the Hon. D. Clarkson, and sister of the officiating minister.

Deaths.

Obituary notices 10 cents per line for all over four lines—cash to accompany the notice. This includes memorial tributes, resolutions of societies, etc.

WHITE.—On the 5th inst., in Cass township, Mrs. John G. White, aged 34 years, 8 months and 1 day.

AYERS.—On the 2d inst., at Barree Forge, of Cholera Infantum, Annie Bell, daughter of M. and M. C. Isenberg, aged 2 years, 6 months and 9 days.

I died dear parents do not mourn,
I'm dead yet do I live,
I'll shine on that great rising morn,
Forever shall I live.

On the 4th inst., at the same place, of Diptheria, Jennie, daughter of George and Margaret Ayers, aged 9 years, 2 months and 23 days.

Buy your Wall Paper, Window Shades, Books and Stationery at Langdon's Book Store. It is the cheapest store of the kind in town. tf.

Window Glass and Putty at Patton's. March 22, tf.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Reported Weekly for the Journal by Henry & Co.

Huntingdon Pa., September 10, 1872.

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Butter	$ 25	$ 28
Coffee, O. G. Java	26	28
" Maricabo	21@24	23@25
" Rio, choice	20@25	25
" Rio, good	19@20	21
" Rio, fair	17@19	20
" O. G. Java, roasted		33
" Maricabo, "		28
" Rio, choice, "		26
" Rio, good, "		20
Eggs		15
Flour, white wheat		10 50
" red wheat	9 50 to 10 00	
New Wheat		1 50
Wheat, white, per bush		2 00
" red, "		1 90
Rye		85
Corn		75
Oats		35
Molasses, Port Rico		60
" New Orleans		1 00
Sugar, loaf	15	16
" powdered	15	16
" granulated	15	16
" A	15½ 7 lbs for	1 00
" extra C	14½ 7 lbs for	95
" yellow C	12 7 lbs for	85
" brown	12 7 lbs for	75
Tea, Young Hyson	65@1 25	1 30
" Gunpowder, fine	65@80	90
" Gunpowder, finest	1 15@1 50	1 70
" Imperial, fine	55@80	90
" Imperial, finest	1 00@1 30	1 40
" Japan, fine	75@1 00	1 10
" Japan, finest	1 00@1 25	1 40
" Oolong, fine	60@70	70
" Oolong, finest	85@1 25	1 40
" Souchong, fine	60@80	90
" Souchong, English Breakfast	1 00@1 50	1 40
Syrup, silver drip	1 00	1 20
" Crystal	1 35	1 50
" diamond drips	95	1 10
" extra goldra	80	90
" bee hive	70	70
" best baking	55	6
Potatoes		3

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

September 10, 1872.

Bark is dull at $37 50 per ton for No. 1 Quercitron. In tanners bark nothing doing.

Cloverseed is nominal a 10½c. per pound. Timothy is in demand, and 200 bags sold at $3 50. Flaxseed moves slowly at $1 90.

The Flour market presents no new feature, the demand being pricipally from the home trade, to supply their immediate want. About 700 barrels sold including superfine at $4.55@5.55; extras, at $5.75@6.25; Iowa and Wisconsin extra family at $7.50@8.25; Minnesota do. do., at $8.50@9; Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio do. do., at $8.37½@9; and fancy brands at $8.25@10.25; also, 1,000 City mills on secret terms. Rye flour sells at $4.50. In corn meal nothing doing.

The wheat market is steady, but the volume of business is light. Sales of 5,000 bushels Western red at $1.67@1.73; amber at $1.75, and white at $1.85@1.90. Rye is quoted at 70c. for new and 80@80c. for old. Corn is held with firmness, and the article is in good demand. Sales of yellow at 67@68c., and Western mixed at 65@67c. Oats move slowly, with sales of new ot 40@45c, and old at 46c.

In barley and malt, no sales.

Whisky is quiet. Sales of Western iron-bound at 94c.

New Advertisements.

Dissolution of Partnership. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of John Whitehead & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent, and the business of Mining and Shipping Broad Top Coal and Limestone will hereafter be conducted by John Whitehead alone. All unsettled accounts will be presented to John Whitehead, at Dudley, Huntingdon county, Pa.

JAMES FINDLAY,
JOHN WHITEHEAD,
ROBT. U. JACOB,
JOHN WHITESIDE.

Aug. 1,1872.] [Sept.4,1872.

Special Notice—On and after this date, the undersigned will not furnish bags for the delivery of grain, but will sell bags to our customers at reduced prices.

ETNIER & FOUST,
FISHER & SONS,
HENRY & CO.

Huntingdon, Pa., August 14th, 1872.—3m.

All persons having Grain bags in their possession, bearing the brands of any of the undersigned firms, are requested to return them to their respective owners with as little delay as possible.

HENRY & CO.,
FISHER & SONS,
ETNIER & FOUST.

Huntingdon, Pa., August 14th, 1872.—3m.

Administrator's Notice.
(Estate of Joseph Cornelius, deceased.)

Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Cornelius, late of Cromwell tp., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement. ALVAH CHILCOTT,
August 14, 1872* Adm'r.

Executor's Notice.
(Estate of Mary Eckley, dec'd.)

Letters testamentary on the estate of Mary Eckley, deceased, late of Barree township, Huntingdon county, having been granted the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement. THADDEUS S. JACKSON,
Barree tp., Aug. 21, 1872. Executor.

Administrator's Notice.
(Estate of Greenberry Ramsey, dec'd.)

Letters of administration on the estate of Greenberry Ramsey, late of Springfield tp., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM GUTSHALL,
August 21, 1872. Adm'r.

Executor's Notice.
[Estate of John Simpson, dec'd.]

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of John Simpson, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd. all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

J. MURRAY SIMPSON,
J. RANDOLPH SIMPSON,
Aug. 21, 1872. Executors.

Continental Life Insurance Company of New York.
Assetts, $4,505,245 29.

This company is altogether Mutual, and one of the most liberal and successful companies in the country. The surplus is divided annually amongst the policy-holders. Its premiums are as low, and its dividends as large, as those of any first-class company. It issued, in 1870, 12,537 policies, being more than that of any other company in the COUNTRY. Its great popularity and unbounded success are entirely due to the liberality of the Company towards its policy holders. For further information apply to

Justus Lawrence, Pres't.,
M. B. Wynkoop, Vice Pres't.
J. P. Rogers, Sec'y.
S. C. Chandler, Jr., Actuary.

PENNSYLVANIA WESTERN OFFICE,
Leister's Building, HUNTINGDON, PA.
A. B. KENNEDY,
General Agent.

D. P. MILLER, M. D.
Medical Examiner 42apl1y.

25 THE LARGEST METAL PRICE Current in the World is the *Iron World and Manufacturer*. Accurate quotations and reports of sales of Hardware and Metals in Pittsburgh, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Cleveland, Baltimore and Chicago. Foreign metal markets reported. Acknowledged standard journal of the metal trades. Only $4,00 per year. No hardware dealer can afford to do without it. Every machinist and metal worker should take it. Gives more illustrations of new machinery than the Scientific American. Sent four weeks on trial for 25 cents, postage paid, address IRON WORLD PUBLISHING CO., *Iron World Building*, Pittsburgh, Pa. Feb.28,'72-tf.

W. M. PIPER, No 50 Hill Street, Huntingdon, Pa., Manufacturer of *BROOMS, BRUSHES, WISKS, &C.*, Of all qualities and styles. The trade supplied at favorable prices, and all goods warranted to be as represented. The highest price paid in cash for Broom Corn.

Broom Corn Worked on Shares.

Also, retail dealer in GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, PROVISIONS AND NOTIONS.

By economy in expenses, I am able to sell goods at very reasonable prices for cash, and solicit a share of public patronage. jly3,72-tf.

New Advertisements.

To Suffering Humanity. Tipple's Pile Specific.

$5,000 REWARD FOR ANY CASE of Constipation and Piles that Dr. Tipple's Pile Specific fails to cure. Purely Vegetable, and its use followed by no unpleasant effects. Sold by John Read, Druggist, Huntingdon. Principal Depot and Laboratory, Bellefonte, Pa. jly3-6m.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED! for our Great Political Campaign Chart.

The most attractive and saleable thing out. It is indispensable to men of all parties, furnishing just the facts and figures needed, for every day reference, by every intelligent voter. Agents are selling from 15 TO 30 A DAY. The most liberal terms. Send for descriptive circulars.

Address, DUFFIELD ASHMEAD, Publisher,
Aug21-3t. 711 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

Valuable Fruit Farm for Sale.—The subscriber offers his farm for sale, situated two miles from Mill Creek, containing ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES, 85 of which are cleared, and the remainder in good timber. The improvements are a large two-story frame house with 8 rooms, a log barn, and other outbuildings. There are 1000 Peach trees, all bearing; 1000 Concord Grape vines all bearing; an apple orchard of choice fruit, and quite a variety of small fruit. The above farm will be sold on reasonable terms. For further particulars, inquire of the undersigned on the premises, or address him at Mill Creek, Pa.

S. A. ANDERSON.

july24-3m.

Valuable Farm for Sale.—The undersigned will sell, at private sale, the valuable farm upon which he now resides, situate in Brady township, Huntingdon county, containing 228 acres of limestone land, about 150 of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, and the balance in good timber. The improvements are a large new brick house, 35x40 feet, a good tenant house, a bank barn, corn crib, smoke house, and all other necessary outbuildings. Also, a young orchard of 100 trees, just beginning to bear, and a never failing spring of water at the door, together with a running stream of water through the premises.

For further particulars, call upon the undersigned, on the premises, or address him at Airy Dale.

ISAAC OTENKIRK.

July 31-2mos*

The Great Discovery. *KUNKLE'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.* Kunkle's Bitter Wine of Iron will cure all diseases arising from a disordered liver and stomach, such as constipation, flatulence, inward piles, fullness of blood to the head acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried or difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, &c. Price, $1. per bottle. E. F. Kunkle, proprietor, Depot 259 North 9th Street below Vine, Philadelphia. Price $1.00; for Sale by Druggists. If your Druggist has it not, enclose $1.00 to my Address, Depot 259 North 9th Street below Vine, and it will come by next express train, and advice free of charge. [ap.24.

Sold in Crawford by C. H. Reed.

Farmers, Attention! The undersigned, having been appointed Agent for the sale of the *GEISER GRAIN SEPARATOR*, in the south-eastern portions of Huntingdon and Blair counties, and the western portion of Mifflin county, takes pleasure in offering this superior machine to the farmers residing within these limits. This machine is conveniently arranged for hauling and threshing, being permanently fixed on wheels. One man can easily move or shift it about, so that it is not half the trouble on a barn floor as a common thresher and shaker. It is also easily put in operation, is simple, easily managed, reliable, durable, and superior to any other thresher now offered. For particulars, address the undersigned, at James Creek P. O., Huntingdon county, Pa.

HENRY BRUMBAUGH.

June 26, 1872-3m.

Presidential Campaign. Caps, Capes and Torches. Send for *Illustrated Circular and Price List*. CUNNINGHAM & HILL, Manufacturers, No. 204 Church Street, Philadelphia. [june12-4mo

Colyer & Graham, Painters. Shop No. 750, Hill Street, (2d door from S. E. Henry & Co's.,) Huntingdon, Pa., will do all kind of painting cheaper than any firm in town. Give them a call before applying elsewhere. 1may6m.

Important to Painters and Builers. "Century" strictly pure white lead. B. J. DONNELLY & CO., Manufacturers, Philadelphia.

Sold only by S. S. SMITH, No. 616 Hill Street, Huntingdon, Pa.

$12.25 per cwt.

WARRANTND TO GIVE SATISFACTION. July31-3m*

First-Class Compan

The Huntingdon Journal.

Farm and Household.

Save the Sheep from Dogs.

We have frequently recommended bells—one secured to the neck of every sheep—as a certain protection against dogs. A keeper of sheep in one of the New England States writes, that in his locality every sheep and lamb must be belled to save them from dogs and from wild cats, which latter will take a lamb quietly, not disturbing the flock as much as dogs. They rarely visit the same flock or neighborhood successive nights. I know two flocks kept in adjoining pastures; one had a bell on each sheep and lamb; these were never disturbed; the other without bells were destroyed by the cats. Driving the flock home and folding within a few feet of the house proved no protection, I had a small flock kept beside a thoroughfare, which would be chased by the passing dogs out of the lot and so frightened that I could not keep them without fetters, when the dogs would get them down and tear them. I bought bells all strapped and buckled for 12c.each; put one on each sheep and lamb, which so frightened the dogs that the sheep became very daring, and I had no further trouble from the dogs.

Sheep killers and lamb stealers are usually thieving cowards. They know better than to touch the harmless flock. Hence, when every sheep begins to rattle a bell, the sneak thieves will think more of skedaddling away from the sheepfold than of drinking the smoking blood of the unoffensive sheep. The price of one fat sheep will purchase a chime of bells that will save a flock.—*N. Y. Observer.*

Keep the Cattle Growing.

The most successful breeders of horses, cattle, sheep or swine, know from experience that altogether they may possess the best breeding animals, they will not be successful in producing superior stock if a continuous growth of the young animals is not kept up. In order to begin in time at this indispensable time of preparation for success, the brood mares cows ewes and sows are most carefully and suitably fe while with young, and as soon as the young animals make their appearance they are taken the greatest care of, the dams being suitably fed while suckling, and when the young ones are weaned, they are not supposed to want for food or drink a single hour.

By this means a continuous or rapid growth is kept up, and the aninals attain a large size and heavy weight at an early age. When breeding animals are not properly fed and comfortably sheltered in winter, the bad effect of such treatment is not confined to their own want of condition—it is shared by their progeny, and can never be remedied. When young stock are not fed well and comfortably sheltered in winter, their growth becomes stunted, and no subsequent amount of good treatment can repair the damage. Young animals may suffer for want of proper provender in summer and autumn, as well as in winter, and when this happens it stops continuous growth, and prevents ultimate success in the object of the breeder.—*Working Farmer.*

How to make the Farm Pay.

One of England's most intelligent farmers, Mechi, has recently asserted in a little book, called "How to Farm Profitably," that "it is precisely because British farmers have their customers—the British manufacturers—almost at their doors, and that other corn-producing countries have *not* any manufactures that British agriculture is rich and thriving."

But the American farmer is learning this lesson. Time was when he was taught, and pretty generally believed, that it was wrong to "interfere with the natural laws of trade," but he now well understands that nature does little but art does more. He must turn the tide for himself if he would have the stream flowing by his own door: and every stroke of policy, natural or otherwise, that will encourage manufacturing establishments, and thus bring his customers near to the farm, is to him one of the best natural laws of trade. Our erratic friend, George Train, in a recent speech at New Orleans, well said, "Free trade meant the English farmer, protection the Americans. Free trade really meant selling whole skins to England for sixpence and bringing back the tails for a shilling. It is played out."

An Extensive Wheat Field.

The Stockton (California) *Independent*, of June 24, says: On the west side of the San Joaquin River, in this valley, there is a grain field which extends for thirty-five miles, and is of an average width of eight miles, thus covering an area of 179,200 acres. Persons who have lately travelled through this immense grain field estimate the total average yield at sixteen bushels to the acre, which will give a total yield of 2,867,200 bushels, or 86,015 tons. This amount of grain would load 8,601 cars, which, if made up in one train, would reach for over eighty miles, or from Bantas to the Oakland wharf. There is, however, a much larger area cultivated in grain on the east side of the San Joaquin than on the west side. From Lathrop to Merced, a distance of over fifty miles, the railroad runs through an almost unbroken grain field, extending as far as the eye can see on either side. The product of this whole valley will be much greater than ever before, and the railroad company will find it very difficult to move the immense amount to the market before the rainy season.

Hens in Place of Dogs.

There is hardly a family that does not throw away enough table scraps to feed at least half a dozen hens, and many that keep a nuisance in the shape of a dog, that does no good, but costs more than a dozen good hens, complain that they cannot afford to keep hens. One dog in a neighborhood is generally a greater trouble to the neighbors than a flock of hens would be; for if hens are well fed at home they will rarely go away. But whoever saw a dog that was not a pest, running across the newly made garden and sticking his nose in everything? Kill off the curs and give the food to the hens, and you will find pleasure as well as profit in so doing. We wish there was a tax of one hundred dollars on every dog in the country. Those that are of value as watch dogs could be retained, while the host of snarling, dirty curs would give place to some useful and less troublesome pet.—*Poultry Standard.*

Pianos.

PATENT

ARION

PIANO

COMBINES MANNER'S FOUR

SIMPLIFYING PATENTS,

THE MOST VALUABLE PATENTS EVER USED IN PIANO-FORTES.

PATENT ARION.

REVERSED WOODEN AGRAFFE.

THE COMPOUND REST PLANK.

THE FULL IRON FRAME.

AND THE SUSTAINING IRON BAR.

A FEW REASONS

WHY THE

ARION PIANO

IS SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS:

The ARION PIANO-FORTE has greater power than any other Piano-Forte manufactured.

It will Stand in Tune Longer,

and in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and, therefore, more durable, than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame

SUPERCEDES ALL OTHERS.

The use of a bar (which is a part of the Iron Frame on a line with the heavy steel stringing,) gives

GREAT STRENGTH

where most needed, and in this respect all other pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to come loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano-Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

throughout the scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

LENGTH AND PURITY OF VIBRATION,

all go to prove what we claim, viz: that the

ARION PIANO-FORTE

Is the Best Instrument Manufactured.

ALSO

ESTEYS COTTAGE ORGANS,

WITH THE

VOX JUBILANT

AND

VOX HUMANA.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA OF

REED ORGANS,

universally acknowledged to be the BEST Organ made for Sunday Schools, Churches, Parlors and Lodges.

Having more power, with a sweeter tone, than any other Organ in the market notwithstanding the representations of agents interested in the sale of other Organs, *we do fully warrant every Organ for the period of five years, (at our own expense.)* We have no agent in Huntingdon at present, therefore all who may want one of the best Organs extant may receive, by corresponding with us, a price and descriptive list from which a selection may be made, to which we will give *our* personal attention, and guarantee satisfaction,

Send your orders to

E. M. BRUCE,
No. 18 N. 7th Street,
no15 Philadelphia, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

THOMAS FISHER. H. G. FISHER. THOS. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS,

PROPRIETORS

of the

HUNTINGDON MILLS.

Manufacturers of

FLOUR, FEED, GROUND PLASTER, &C

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

DRY GOODS, GROERIES, FISH, SALT, &C.

A Specialty made of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTH & MATTINGS

March 8, 1871.

S. E. HENRY, T. S. JOHNSTON, } S. H. ISENBERG, B. F. ISENBERG. }

HENRY & CO.,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Wholesal and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, CAPS,
FURS, CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
CLOTHING, IRON,
NAILS, GLASS,
PUTTY, OILS,
PAINTS, SALT, PLASTER, &C., &C.

Proprietors of the
WARRIOR RIDGE FLOURING MILLS.
Flour and Feed constantly on hand.

Cash paid for all kinds of grain. Produce taken in exchange for goods at the Mammoth Store.
Feb. 15, 1871.

GLAZIER & BRO.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERHANDISE,

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
&c. &c.,

SMITH Street, between Washington and Mifflin

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
QUEENSWARE,

WASHINGTON Street, near Smith.
Jan. 18, '71.

MUSIC STORE.

You can save from ten to thirty per cent. by buying your Instruments from

E. J. GREENE,

Dealer in

STEINWAY & SONS',
CHICKERING & SONS',
THE UNION PIANO FORTE CO.,
THE WEBER, RAVEN & BACON'S,
GEO. M. GOULD & CO.'S,
CONRAD MEYERS'

AND ALL OTHER MAKES OF PIANOS.

MASON & HAMLIN'S

and Geo. Woods & Co.'s celebrated Organs, and any other make desired. Also, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Herman Accordeons, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c.

New and good Pianos for $300 and upwards.
" five-octave Organs for 80 " "
" Melodeons for 70 " "

All Instruments warranted for five years.
Agents supplied at wholesale Rates, as low as in the cities. Call on, or address,

E. J. GREENE,
Huntingdon, Pa.,
2nd floor of Leister's new building.
January 4, 1871.

NOTICE:— *HUNTINGDON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION NEW SERIES.*

At a recent meeting of the directors of said Association, it was resolved that a new series of stock be issued, *provided a subscription of three hundred shares be procured.* Under this resolution persons desiring to become members of the Association can do so upon payment of one dollar monthly on each share of stock subscribed.

The original stock is now worth thirty dollars per share.

The following named persons are authorized to secure subscriptions:

W. Buchanan, at Buchanan & Allison's stove and tin store, Huntingdon.
M. M. McNeil, at Prothonotary's office.
Hugh Lindsay, at *Globe* office.
John Reed, at Reed's Drug store.
P. M. Lytle, at office of P. M. & M. S. Lytle.
John K. Thompson, at Birmingham.
John P. Marclay, at Spruce Creek.
David Henderson, at Alexandria.
Rev. M. L. Smith, at Petersburg.
Rev. John Moorhead, at Mount Union.
Rev. Wm. Gwinn, at Manor Hill.

S. B. CHANEY, Pres't.,
WM. A. FLEMING, Sec'y. [jan3-72.tf

BEE HIVE GROCERY,
No. 111, 4th street, Huntingdon, Pa.

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."
N. B. CORBIN

Has just received a varied assortment of articles usually found in a first-class GROCERY.

BAKERY.

I still continue to carry on my Bakery, and am at all times prepared to supply

BREAD, CAKES AND PIES.

at reasonable prices.

CANDY MANUFACTORY.

In connection with my other business I have commenced the manufacture of Candies, and am prepared to supply country dealers with both FANCY and COMMON at as low rates as they can be purchased outside of the Eastern Cities. If you want to save money, Make your purchases at this establishment.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!! TOYS!!!!

This department is complete and embraces everything in the Toy line from a Jumping Jack to an Elephant.
Jan.17,1872.

SMITH IN HIS NEW BUILDING
CALL AND EXAMINE.

IF YOU WANT GREAT BARGAINS GO TO SMITH'S NEW STORE.

The best Sugar and Molasses, Coffee, and Tea Chocolate, Flour, Fish, Salt and Vinegar, Confectionaries, Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, and spices of the best, and all kinds, and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store.

Also—Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alchohol, Glass, Putty, &c., &c. The best Wine and Brandy for medical purposes, and all the best Patent Medicines, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

The public generally will please call and examine for themselves, and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.
Jan. 4, '71.

GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE
For all kinds of printing.

Travellers' Guide.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Summer Arrangement.

On and after Tuesday, June 4th, 1872, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS. ACCOM.	MAIL	STATIONS.	DOWN TRAINS. ACCOM.	MAIL
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M
LE 6 00	LE 8 20	Huntingdon	AR 9 10	AR 5
6 06	8 28	Long Siding	9 00	5
6 19	8 45	McConnellstown	8 45	5
6 25	8 51	Pleasant Grove	8 29	4
6 37	9 05	Marklesburg	8 27	4
6 51	9 20	Coffee Run	8 11	4
6 58	9 27	Rough and Ready	8 04	4
7 10	9 39	Cove	7 52	4
7 15	9 43	Fishers Summit	7 48	4
7 53	10 10	Saxton	7 28	3
8 10	10 27	Riddlesburg	6 53	3
8 17	10 34	Hopewell	6 46	3
8 55	10 51	Pipers Run	6 30	3
8 55	11 10	Tatesville	6 12	2
9 08	11 22	Bloody Run	6 00	2
9 12	11 26	Mount Dallas	5 56	2
9 19	11 32	Ashcom's Mills	5 50	2
9 23	11 36	Lutzville	5 46	2
9 27	11 40	Hartley's Mills	5 42	2
9 34	11 46	Jamesons	5 36	2
AR 9 40	11 52	Bedford	LE 5 30	2

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 7 40	LE 10 15	Saxton	AR 7 20	AR 3
7 55	10 30	Coalmont	7 05	3
8 00	10 35	Crawford	7 00	3
AR 8 10	AR 10 45	Dudley	LE 6 50	LE 3
		Broad Top City		

JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.
Huntingdon, Sept 21, 1871.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.
TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

Summer Arrangement.

WESTWARD: MAIL PASSENGER	HARRISBURG ACCOM.	PITTSBURGH EXPRESS	PACIFIC EXPRESS	PHILA. EXPRESS	STATIONS.	EASTWARD: HARRISBURG ACCOM.	MAIL	FAST LINE
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P.
5 62	6 05	11 14	10 41		N. Hamilton	10 01	4 03	
5 10	6 11	11 21	10 55		Mt. Union	9 53	3 58	
5 18	6 17	11 30	11 10		Mapleton	9 45	3 51	
5 24	6 25	11 37	11 26		Mill Creek	9 37	3 45	
5 40	6 36	11 53	11 50		Huntingdon	9 24	3 30	11
5 57	6 54	12 11	12 20		Petersburg	9 06	3 13	
6 07	7 03	12 21	12 32		Barree	8 58	3 05	
6 14	7 10	12 28	12 40		Spruce Creek	8 51	2 58	10
6 27	7 24	12 42	1 00		Birmingham	8 39	2 47	
6 35	7 31	12 50	1 08		Tyrone	8 32	2 40	10
6 45	7 41	1 01	1 22		Tipton	8 23	2 32	
6 49	7 47	1 07	1 30		Fostoria	8 18	2 25	
6 55	7 52	1 11	1 36		Bell's Mills	8 14	2 21	10
7 15	8 10	1 30	2 00		Altoona	7 55	2 05	10
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

All trains East and West, with the exception of the Pacific Express East, which is followed closely by the Harrisburg Accommodation, stop at Huntingdon.

The Fast Line Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 5 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.

The Pacific Express Westward leaves Huntingdon a 7 45 A. M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.

The Southern Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdo at 4 07 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 5 20 A. M.

Cincinnati Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon 2 19 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 3 45 A. M.

The Fast Line, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 12 22 M. and arrives at Harrisburg at 3 20 A. M.

The Cincinnati Express, Eastward, leaves Huntingdo at 6 55 P. M., and arrives at Harrisburg at 10 15 P. M.

NORTH CENTRAL RAILWAY.—On and after all th, trains will leave Harrisburg, as follows:

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL	FAST LINE	NIAGARA EXPRESS	ERIE EXPRESS
Harrisburg, Leave	P. M. 1 45	P. M. 4 40	A. M. 10 55	P. M 10
Harrisburg, Arrive			P. M.	A.
Williamsport, Arrive	6 30	8 30	2 05	2
Elmira,	10 55		5 30	5
Canandaigua,			8 25	8
Rochester,			9 35	9
Buffalo,			12 50	12
Suspension Bridge,			1 20	12
Niagara Falls,			1 30	12
			A. M.	P.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	ERIE EX	NIAGARA EX	PACIFIC EX	EXPRESS	MAIL
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Harrisburg, leave	4 05	7 30	11 45	7 35	2
Baltimore, arrive	7 20	P. M. 12 00	P. M. 3 00	10 45	6
			A. M.	A. M.	
Washington, arrive	10 00		5 05	5 50	10 40

ED. S. YOUNG,
Dec, 20, 1871. General Passenger Agent

READING RAIL ROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
MONDAY, MAY 6TH, 1872.

Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: at 2.45, 8.10, a. m., and 2.00 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 6.07 a. m., 3.52 and 12.40 p. m. respectively.

Returning: Leave NEW YORK at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 5.45 p. m., Philadelphia at 7.30, 9.30 a. m., and 3.30 p. m.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 a. m., 2.00 and 4.05 p. m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.05 p. m. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad leave Harrisburg at 3.40 p. m.

East Pennsylvania Railroad trains leave Reading for Allentown, Easton and New York at 4.34, 10.46 a. m., and 4.05 p. m. Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.30 Noon and 5 45 p. m. and Allentown at 7.20 a. m. 12.25 Noon, 2.15, 4.25 and 9.15 p. m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a. m., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.20 p. m., stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 9.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., Herndon at 10.00 a. m., Shamokin at 5.40 and 11.15 a. m., Ashland at 7.05 a. m., and 12.43 noon, Mahanoy City at 7.51 a. m. and 1.20 p. m., Tamaqua at 8.35 a. m. and 2.10 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 a. m. for Harrisburg, and 11.45 a. m., for Pinegrove and Tremont.

Pottsville Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.50 a. m., passes Reading at 7.25 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 9.50 a. m. Returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.15 p. m., passes Reading at 7.40 p. m., arriving at Pottsville at 9.20 p. m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6.45 a. m., returning, leaves Philadelphia (Ninth and Green) at 4.30 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.20 a. m., and 6.15 p. m., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c. Returning leave Lancaster at 8.20 a. m. and 3.25 p. m, and Columbia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.15 p. m.

Perkiomen Railroad trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 7.15, 9.00 a. m., 3.00 and 5.45 p. m.; returning, leave Schwenksville at 6.30, 8.00 a. m., 1.05 Noon and 4.45 p. m. connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Pickering Valley Railroad trains leave Phœnixville at 9.10 a. m., 3.10 and 5.50 p. m.; returning, leave Byers at 6.35 a. m., 12.45 noon, and 4.20 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 a. m. and 1.20, 6.25 and 7.15 p. m., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 6.00, 8.00 and 11.25 a. m. and 3.25 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 a. m., 2.40 and 6.33 p. m., returning, leave Downingtown at 6.55 a. m., 12.30 noon, and 5.40 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays: leave New York at 5.45 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m. and 3.15 p. m., (the 8.00 a. m. train running only to Reading,) leave Pottsville at 8.00 a. m., leave Harrisburg at 2.45 a. m. and 2.00 p. m.; leave Allentown at 4.25 and 9.15 p. m.; leave Reading at 7.15 a. m. and 10.35 p. m. for Harrisburg, at 4.34 a. m. for New York, at 7.20 a. m. for Allentown, and 9.40 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
may15,'72.] Asst. Supt. & Eng. Mach'ry.

THE PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD will commence running through trains on Monday, 1st proximo.

For the present, the train will leave Cumberland for Pittsburgh at 3:15 A. M., but this will be changed so soon as a Summer Schedule is adopted.

The Accommodation Train will leave at 9 A. M.

D. D. ANGELL,
May 28, '71 Master of Transportation.

J. E. SMUCKER. | PHILIP BROWN. | J. M. WISE.

SMUCKER, BROWN & CO.,

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Furniture, beg leave to inform the TRADE and Public generally, that they have consolidated their Store on Hill street with the Steam Furniture Factory, lately owned by J. M. Wise & Son., and propose by their increased facilities to offer every advantage to the Trade, and all desiring

FURNITURE.

They have the Finest

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS

Ever brought to this county, in style and quality to suit the wants of all.

ALSO

BUREAUS, EXTENSION TABLES, MARBLE TOP AND DINING TABLES, COMMON MAPLE AND ASH BEDSTADS, FANCY WALNUT BEDSTEADS, SOFAS, CHAIRS AND ROCKERS, CANE SEATED CHAIRS, WOOD SEAT and SPLINT BOTTOM CHAIRS.

The above in all the varieties that may be wanted. Also

HALL STANDS, LOOKING GLASSES, BRACKETS AND WALL BRACKETS.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

They also keep on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,

and are prepared to attend funerals either in town or county, at reasonable rates.

Salesroom, No. 618 Hill street, Smith's new building; Factory, 613 and 615 Mifflin street Huntingdon, Pa. mar20,'72

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE *CANDIES, TOYS, FRUITS, NUTS, &c,* is at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond. Also, can be had, a fine assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, PEN KNIVES, POCKET BOOKS, TRAVELING SATCHELS, FANCY SOAPS, HAIR OILS, PERFUMERY, &C. Dow's Celebrated Ice Cream Soda Water, in season, at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond.
March 15, tf.

Boots, Shoes and Leather.

WHOLESALE MANUFACTORY OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Huntingdon, Pa.

The attention of Merchants is called to our

Mens' Farming Balmoral Plow Shoes.

Mens' Brogan Shoes

Mens' Kip Boots.

Mens' all Calf Boots.

Women's and Misses' Calf Polish and Balmoral Shoes.

Women's and Misses' Tampico Goat, Polish and Balmoral Shoes.

All the Calf and Kip we work is Country Tanned, Slaughtered Stock, no Steam Tanned Stock used.

All goods put up in the most THOROUGH and SUBSTANTIAL MANNER.

All our own Stock and Work guaranteed.

For Terms, Prices, &c., address

THE KEYSTONE BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURING CO.,

oct4-1y. HUNTINGDON, PA.

REMOVED TO THE NORTH EAST Corner of the Diamond.

CAN'T BE BEATEN!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a new and splendid stock of

LEATHERS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

All of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the new stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Jan. 4, '71.

DOWN WITH PRICES.

WILLIAM AFRICA

has just opened up a large and varied assortment of

BOOTS,
SHOES,
LADIES' GAITERS,
GLOVE KID SHOES,

and a large supply of heavy work, suitable for men and boys, at very low prices.

I have at all times an assortment of

HANDSOME BOOTS AND SHOES

on hand, which will be disposed of at as reasonable rates as the market will admit of. My stock was selected with great care, and I can confidently recommend all articles in my establishment.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of customer work, and orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed in all orders.

WILLIAM AFRICA.
Jan. 4, '71.

JOHN C. MILLER

(Successor to C. H. Miller & Son,)

DEALER IN EVERY

VARIETY OF

LEATHER AND

SHOE FINDINGS,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Jan. 4, 1871.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF BOOTS AND SHOES, AT SHAFFER'S NEW STORE.

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old friends and customers, that he has just received from the East a large and well selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

For Men, Women and Children,

which he is prepared to sell a trifle lower than any other establishment in town. Being a practical shoemaker, and having had considerable experience, he flatters himself that his stock cannot be surpassed in the county.

Give him a call, at the

CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

(West end of the Diamond)

HUNTINGDON. PA.

Customer work made to order. in a neat and durable manner.

GEO. SHAFFER.
Jan. 4, '71.

Miscellaneous.

WM. WILLIAMS, MANUFACTURER OF

MARBLE MANTLES, MONUMENTS.

HEADSTONES, &C.,

HUNTINGDON, PA

PLASTER PARIS CORNICES,

MOULDINGS. &C

ALSO SLATE MANTLES FURNISHED TO ORDER.
Jan. 4, '71.

H. ROBLEY, *MERCHANT TAYLOR,*

Has removed to one door south of the Bee Hive, on Montgomery street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business.

He has just received a full line of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, OVERCOATINGS,

and he solicits a call from the public, promising to make goods to order, in a workmanlike manner.

FOR ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

GO TO THE "JOURNAL BUILDING."

COLORED PRINTING DONE AT the Journal Office, at Philadelphia prices

Hardware.

H. S. WHARTON. J. M. MAGUIRE.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IN

LEISTER'S NEW BUILDING,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

OFFER VERY GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO

BUILDERS,

IN

GLASS, GLASS, GLASS, GLASS, GLASS,

WHITE LEAD, PAINTS OF ALL KINDS,

OILS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,
OILS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,
OILS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,
OILS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,

And Everything Pertaining to Builders,

—ALSO—

DOTY'S PATENT

WASHING MACHINE

UNIVERSAL

CLOTHES WRINGERS,

TORRY'S PATENT ICE CREAM

FREEZERS,

OF ALL SIZES.

WE ALSO OFFER THE FAMOUS

"NIAGARA"
"NIAGARA"
"NIAGARA"
"NIAGARA"
"NIAGARA"

COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,

So highly recommended by every person using the same.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR

HEATING AND COOK STOVES,

Of all descriptions, including the

POPULAR

MORNING-GLORY.

—ALSO—

REAPERS AND MOWERS,

HORSE HAY-RAKES,

GUM SPRING GRAIN DRILLS,

PLOUGHS,
SHOVEL MOULDL,
HARROW TEETH,

HORSE SHOES, IRON, &c., &c.

HUBS,
SPOKES,
FELLOES,
SHAFTS,
TONGUES,

SLEIGH RUNNERS AND FENDERS,

SLEIGH ROBES,
STEEL TYRE,

SENECA FALLS AND READING

THIMBLE SKEINS, & PIPE BOXES

Ever before offered in this part of the State.

SEND FOR OUR PRICES

Miscellaneous.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR

10 Years of a Public Test

Has proved

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR

To have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered the public.

It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures.

Coughs, Colds, Chronic Coughs.
It effectually cures them all

Asthma and Bronchitis.
It has cured so many cases it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

For Pains in Breast,
Side or Back,
Gravel or Kidney Disease,
Disease of the Urinary Organs,
Jaundice or any Liver Complaint,
It has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic,
Restores the Appetite,
Strengthens the System,
Restores the weak and Debilitated,
Causes the Food to Digest,
Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion,
Prevents Malarous Fevers,
Gives tone to your system.

TRY DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has proved itself in thousands of cases capable of curing all diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Cures all Chronic Coughs, and Coughs and Colds, more effectually than any other remedy.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has cured cases of Consumption pronounced incurable by physicians.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has cured so many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND

SYRUP OF POKE ROOT.

Wherever Poke Root grows, it has a local reputation as a Blood Purifier, and for the cure of Rheumatism. With all this local reputation, and the praise of distinguished Physicians, (Drs. Coe, Lee, King, Wilson, M. Hunt, Griffits, Copland and others,) who have tested its medical powers; it has been neglected by the profession at large, as much through a want of a proper appreciation of its merits, as a knowledge of the proper way to prepare it for medical use. Dr. Oliver Crook, (a physician who devotes his entire time to the duties of his profession), has fully tested the active medical qualities of Poke Root during the last 25 years, and unhesitatingly pronounces it to have MORE MERIT—for diseases depending on a depraved condition of the blood,—than any and all other articles named in the Materia Medica. Under his instructions our Chemists have combined the active medical qualities of Poke Root with the best Tonic Preparation of Iron, and we offer this preparation to the public under the above name.
Oct.4,1871-1y.

DRUGS!! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!

(Stock New and perfectly Pure,)

J. R. PATTON

Near the Depot, Huntingdon, Pa.

PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY,
NOTIONS, PAINTS,
OILS, VARNISHES,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
AND PIPES,

FAMILY GROCERIES.

Crackers, Nuts, Fruits, &c., &c., &c.

Choice Wines, Brandy, Gin, &c., &c.,

and pure old Monongahela Rye whisky for family medicinal use.

Special care given to filling Prescriptions.

Call at the Depot Drug Store for any and everything you may need in our line.

MEDICINES. MEDICINES.
Jan. 4, '71.

IMPORTANT TO BUILDERS.

BURCHINELLS'

NEW PLANING MILL.

T. Burchinell & Son having just completed the erection of a first-class Planing Mill at Huntingdon, Pa., are prepared to fill all orders for Building Materials of all kinds, such as yellow and white pine flooring, Weather boarding, Door and Window Frames, Blinds, Sash, Shutters, Doors, Brackets and Scroll Work at shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Wood Mouldings of every description and turned work in all its varieties. Their mill being situated on the main line of the Penna. Railroad and Canal, they enjoy superior facilities for the shipment of material to all sections of the State.

The senior proprietor of the firm being a practical builder and architect is prepared to furnish plans, specifications and detailed drawings for buildings in whole or in part as may be desired.

All orders promptly and faithfully filled.

Address
T. BURCHINELL & SON.
Huntingdon, Pa.
Jan. 4, '71.

A FARM FOR SALE.—A tract of farm and timber land, in Oneida and Henderson townships, 2½ miles from the borough of Huntingdon, is offered for sale, on reasonable terms, containing about ONE HUNDRED ACRES, between 50 and 60 acres of which are cleared and under cultivation. The up land is of a fair grain raising quality with some fifteen acres of fine meadow bottom, and the balance is principally covered with a good quality of timber, mostly white pine and hemlock, with a good saw mill seat, and never failing water power thereon.

The improvements are a neat two-story frame house and frame stable, with other outbuildings and conveniences, and a young thriving orchard of choice fruit trees.

For further particulars, and terms of sale, inquire of the undersigned, at Huntingdon, or on the premises.
nov29-tf. R. McDIVITT.

LUKE REILLY.

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

BREAD, CAKES, PIES, CONFECTIONERY,

AND DEALER IN

GROCERIES, SYRUPS, &c., &c., &c.,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Bakery on Moore street, and Store at the Corner of Fourth and Allegheny.

Dealers will be supplied at prices as low as can be had from Philadelphia. [ap.26,'71.

Miscellaneous.

VINEGAR BITTERS—PURELY VEGETABLE—FREE FROM ALCOHOL—DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulents. They are the Great Blood Purifier and a Life-giving Principle, a Perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating both mind and body. They are easy of administration, prompt in their action, certain in their results, safe and reliable in all forms of disease.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion. Headache